## SOLICITATION, OFFER AND AWARD

1. This contract is a rated order under DPAS(15 CFR 700) RATING:

	52RANB00C020   [X] NEGOTIATED (RFP)
5. DATE ISSUED	6.REQUISITION/PURCHASE REQ. NO.
04/26/00	NB84700000152
	II
7. ISSUED BY CODE	8.ADDRESS OFFER TO (If other than Item 7)
BID DEPOSITORY, DOC, M	ASC, MC3
ACQUISITION MANAGEMENT	DIVISION
325 BROADWAY, BLDG. 33	ROOM GB506A
BOULDER, CO 80303-332	28
	1

NOTE: In sealed bid solicitations, "offer" & "offeror" mean "bid" & "bidder"

## SOLICITATION

9. Sealed offers in original and 4 copies for furnishing the supplies or services in the Schedule will be received at the place specified in Item 8, or if handcarried, in the depository located in Block 7, until 3:00 P.M. local time on 05/26/00. CAUTION-LATE Submissions, Modifications, and Withdrawals: See Section L, Provision No. 52.214-7 or 52.215-1. All offers are subject to all terms and conditions contained in this solicitation.

- 10. FOR INFORMATION CALL: A. NAME: Daniel R. Gomez
  - B. TELEPHONE NO.: 303.497.5133 (No Collect Calls)
  - C. E-MAIL ADDRESS: Daniel.R.Gomez@noaa.gov FAX NUMBER: 303.497.3163

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## PART/SECTION DESCRIPTION

PART I - THE SCHEDULE

- A SOLICITATION/CONTRACT FORM
- B SUPPLIES OR SERVICES AND PRICES/COSTS
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- D PACKAGING AND MARKING
- E INSPECTION AND ACCEPTANCE
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- H SPECIAL CONTRACT REQUIREMENTS
- PART II CONTRACT CLAUSES
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  - J LIST OF ATTACHMENTS
- PART IV REPRESENTATIONS AND INSTRUCTIONS
  - K REPRESENTATIONS, CERTIFICATIONS AND OTHER STATEMENTS OF OFFERORS
  - L INSTRUCTIONS, CONDITIONS, AND NOTICES TO OFFERORS
  - M EVALUATION FACTORS FOR AWARD

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Previous edition is unusable

STANDARD FORM 33 (REV-9-97) FAR (48 CFR) 53.214 (c)

# SOLICITATION, OFFER AND AWARD Page 2 of \_\_\_ Pages OFFER (Must be fully completed by offeror)

NOTE: Item 12 does not apply if the solicitation includes the provisions at 52.214-16, Minimum Bid Acceptance Period. 12. In compliance with the above, the undersigned agrees, if this offer is accepted within calendar days (60 calendar days unless a different period is inserted by the offeror) from the date for receipt of offers specified above, to furnish any or all items upon which prices are offered at the price set opposite each item, delivered at the designated point(s), within the time specified in the schedule. 13. DISCOUNT FOR PROMPT PAYMENT (See Section I, Clause No. 52.232-8) 10 Calendar days 20 Calendar days 30 Calendar days Calendar days 14. ACKNOWLEDGEMENT OF AMENDMENTS (The offeror acknowledges receipt of amendments to the SOLICITATION for offerors and related documents numbered and dated: AMENDMENT NO DATE AMENDMENT NO DATE 15A. NAME AND ADDRESS OF OFFEROR 16. NAME AND TITLE OF HERSON Code: Facility: AUTHORIZED TO SIGN OFFER (Type or Print) 15B. TELEPHONE NO. (Include Area Code) 15C. [ ] CHECK IF REMITTANCE ADDRESS IS DIFFERENT FROM ABOVE--ENTER SUCH ADDRESS IN SCHEDULE 17. SIGNATURE: 18. OFFER DATE: (To be completed by Government) AWARD 19. ACCEPTED AS TO ITEMS NUMBERED 20. AMOUNT 21. ACCOUNTING AND APPROPRIATION 22. AUTHORITY FOR USING OTHER THAN FULL AND OPEN COMPETITION [ ] 10 U.S.C. 2304(c)() [ ] 41 U.S.C. 253(c)() 23. SUBMIT INVOICES TO ADDRESS IN Block 25: (4 Copies) 24. ADMINISTERED BY CODE 125. PAYMENT WILL BE MADE BY CODE DOC, MASC, MC3 NIST, OFFICE OF THE COMPTROLLER ACQUISITION MANAGEMENT DIVISION ACCOUNTS PAYABLE 325 BROADWAY, BLDG. 33, ROOM GB506A BLDG. 101, ROOM A825 BOULDER, CO 80303-3328 GAITHERSBURG, MD 20899 26. NAME OF CONTRACTING OFFICER | 27. UNITED STATES OF AMERICA 128. AWARD DATE (Type or Print) (Signature Contracting Officer) | IMPORTANT - Award will be made on this Form or on Standard Form 26, or by other

EXCEPTION TO STANDARD FORM 33

authorized official written notice.

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Section B

## PART I - THE SCHEDULE

## SECTION B - SUPPLIES OR SERVICES AND PRICES/COSTS

ITEM				UNIT	
NO.	SUPPLIES/SERVICES	QTY	UNIT	PRICE	AMOUNT
0001	Time Scale Measurement System including one module with 4 or 5 measurement channels				
	at each of 5 and 100 MHz	2	each	\$	\$
0002	Optional Requirement - Time				
	Scale Measurement System with				
	a mix of 5, 10, and 100 MHz				
	channels	*			

\*Within one year from date of final acceptance of Item 0001, the Government may purchase additional systems with up to 176 measurement channels. Accordingly, Offerors are invited to submit a proposal for these additional systems (also, see Section K, Economic Purchase Quantity-Supplies). NOTE: Offerors must specify the number and frequency range of channels per system.

For evaluation of the optional requirement see Subsection M.1

IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE STATEMENT OF WORK, TERMS, AND CONDITIONS THAT FOLLOW:

# SECTION C - DESCRIPTION/SPECIFICATIONS/WORK STATEMENT

# C.1 STATEMENT OF WORK/SPECIFICATIONS

The Contractor shall furnish the necessary personnel, material, equipment, services and facilities (except as otherwise specified), to perform the Statement of Work/Specifications referenced in Section J, Attachment Number 1.

# SECTION D - PACKAGING AND MARKING

# THERE ARE NO CLAUSES INCLUDED IN THIS SECTION

## SECTION E - INSPECTION AND ACCEPTANCE

## E.1 52.252-2 CIAUSES INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE (FEB 1998)

This contract incorporates one or more clauses by reference, with the same force and effect as if they were given in full text. Upon request, the Contracting Officer will make their full text available. Also, the full text of a clause may be accessed electronically at this/these address(es):

http://www.arnet.gov/far

## I. FEDERAL ACQUISITION REGULATION (48 CFR CHAPTER 1) CLAUSES

NUMBER	TITLE	DATE
52.246-2	INSPECTION OF SUPPLIES - FIXED-PRICE	AUG 1996
52.246-16	RESPONSIBILITY FOR SUPPLIES	APR 1984

#### E.2 INSPECTION AND ACCEPTANCE

- (a) The Contracting Officer or the duly authorized representative will perform inspection and acceptance of supplies and services to be provided under this contract.
- (b) Inspection and acceptance will be performed at:

NIST, Time and Frequency Division, 847 Bldg. 1 Boulder, CO 80303-3328

## SECTION F - DELIVERIES OR PERFORMANCE

## F.1 52.252-2 CLAUSES INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE (FEB 1998)

This contract incorporates one or more clauses by reference, with the same force and effect as if they were given in full text. Upon request, the Contracting Officer will make their full text available. Also, the full text of a clause may be accessed electronically at this/these address(es):

http://www.arnet.gov/far

## I. FEDERAL ACQUISITION REGULATION (48 CFR CHAPTER 1) CLAUSES

NUMBER	TITLE	DATE
52.242-17	GOVERNMENT DELAY OF WORK	APR 1984
52.247-34	F.O.B. DESTINATION	NOV 1991

# F.2 52.211-8 TIME OF DELIVERY (JUN 1997) ALTERNATE III (APR 1984)

(a) The Government requires delivery to be made according to the following schedule:

DECLITOED DELITATION COLEDITE

	KEĞOTKED DETTAEKI	SCHEDOLE
ITEM NO.	QUANTITY	WITHIN DAYS AFTER DATE OF RECEIPT OF NOTICE OF AWARD
0001 0002	2 each 176 channels	240 days 120 days

The Government will evaluate equally, as regards to time of delivery, offers that propose delivery of each quantity within the applicable delivery period specified above. Offers that propose delivery that will not clearly fall within the applicable required delivery period specified above, will be considered nonresponsive and rejected. The Government reserves the right to award under either the required delivery schedule or the proposed delivery schedule, when an offeror offers an earlier delivery schedule than required above. If the offeror proposes no other delivery schedule, the required delivery schedule

# F.2 (Continued)

above will apply.

# OFFEROR'S PROPOSED DELIVERY SCHEDULE

WITHIN DAYS AFTER

ITEM NO. QUANTITY DATE OF RECEIPT OF NOTICE OF AWARD

0001 2 each

0002 176 channels

# F.3 DELIVERY LOCATION

Shipment of deliverable items, other than reports, shall be to:

NIST

Bldg. 22

325 Broadway

Boulder, CO 80303-3328

#### SECTION G - CONTRACT ADMINISTRATION DATA

# G.1 CONTRACTING OFFICER'S TECHNICAL REPRESENTATIVE (COTR)

(a)	(To be designated at time of award), is hereby designated as
	the Contracting Officer's Technical Representative. The COTR
	may be changed at any time by the Government without prior
	notice to the contractor but notification of the change,
	including the name and address of the successor COTR, will be
	promptly provided to the Contractor by the Contracting Officer
	in writing. The COTR is located at the U.S. Department of
	Commerce,
	. His telephone number is Area Code
	-

- (b) The responsibilities and limitations of the COTR are as follows:
  - (1) The Contracting Officer's Technical Representative is responsible for the technical aspects of the project and technical liaison with the Contractor. The COTR is also responsible for the final inspection and acceptance of all reports, and such other responsibilities as may be specified in the contract.
  - (2) The COTR is not authorized to make any commitments or otherwise obligate the Government or authorize any changes which affect the Contract price, terms or conditions. Any Contractor request for changes shall be referred to the Contracting Officer directly or through the COTR. No such changes shall be made without the expressed prior authorization of the Contracting Officer. The COTR may designate assistant COTR(s) to act for him by naming such assistant in writing and transmitting a copy of such designation through the Contracting Officer to the Contractor.

#### G.2 CONTRACTING OFFICER'S AUTHORITY

The Contracting Officer is the only person authorized to make or approve any changes in any of the requirements of this contract, notwithstanding any clauses contained elsewhere in this contract. In the event that the Contractor makes any changes at the direction of any person other than the Contracting Officer, the change will be considered to have been made without authority, and no adjustment will be made in the contract price to cover any increase in costs incurred as a result thereof.

#### SECTION H - SPECIAL CONTRACT REQUIREMENTS

#### H.1 ORGANIZATIONAL CONFLICT OF INTEREST

- (a) The Contractor warrants that, to the best of the Contractor's knowledge and belief, there are no relevant facts or circumstances which could give rise to an organizational conflict of interest, as defined in FAR Subpart 9.5, or that the Contractor has disclosed all such relevant information.
- (b) The Contractor agrees that if an actual or potential organizational conflict of interest is discovered after award, the Contractor will make a full disclosure in writing to the Contracting Officer. This disclosure shall include a description of actions which the Contractor has taken or proposes to take, after consultation with the Contracting Officer, to avoid, mitigate, or neutralize the actual or potential conflict.
- (c) Remedies The Contracting Officer may terminate this contract for convenience, in whole or in part, if it deems such termination necessary to avoid an organizational conflict of interest. If the Contractor was aware of a potential organizational conflict of interest prior to award or discovered an actual or potential conflict after award and did not disclose or misrepresented relevant information to the Contracting Officer, the Government may terminate the contract for default, debar the Contractor from Government contracting, or pursue such other remedies as may be permitted by law or this contract.
- (d) The Contractor further agrees to insert provisions which shall conform substantially to the language of this clause, including this paragraph (d), in any subcontract or consultant agreement hereunder.

# H.2 OPTION FOR INCREASED QUANTITY--FIXED-PRICE CONTRACT

(a) The Government may increase the quantity of work called for under this contract as follows:

OPTIONAL UNIT WITHIN DAYS AFTER DATE OF ITEMS QTY PRICE RECEIPT OF NOTICE OF AWARD

0002 TBD\* TBD\* 120 Days

\*To Be Determined

# H.2 (Continued)

(b) The Contracting Officer may exercise an option by written notice to the Contractor within the following time periods:

## OPTIONAL

ITEMS TIME PERIOD FOR EXERCISING OPTION

0002 1 year from the date of acceptance of Item 0001

# PART II - CONTRACT CLAUSES

## SECTION I - CONTRACT CLAUSES

# I.1 52.252-2 CLAUSES INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE (FEB 1998)

This contract incorporates one or more clauses by reference, with the same force and effect as if they were given in full text. Upon request, the Contracting Officer will make their full text available. Also, the full text of a clause may be accessed electronically at this/these address(es):

http://www.arnet.gov/far

# I. FEDERAL ACQUISITION REGULATION (48 CFR CHAPTER 1) CLAUSES

NUMBER	TITLE	DATE
52.202-1		OCT 1995
52.203-3	GRATUITIES	APR 1984
52.203-5	COVENANT AGAINST CONTINGENT FEES	APR 1984
52.203-6	RESTRICTIONS ON SUBCONTRACTOR	JUL 1995
	SALES TO THE GOVERNMENT	
52.203-7	ANTI-KICKBACK PROCEDURES	JUL 1995
52.204-4	PRINTING/COPYING DOUBLE-SIDED	JUN 1996
	ON RECYCLED PAPER	
52.209-6	PROTECTING THE GOVERNMENT'S	JUL 1995
	INTEREST WHEN SUBCONTRACTING WITH	
	CONTRACTORS DEBARRED, SUSPENDED,	
	OR PROPOSED FOR DEBARMENT	
52.211-5	MATERIAL REQUIREMENTS	OCT 1997
52.215-2	AUDIT AND RECORDS-NEGOTIATION	JUN 1999
52.215-8	ORDER OF PRECEDENCEUNIFORM	OCT 1997
	CONTRACT FORMAT	
52.215-14	INTEGRITY OF UNIT PRICES	OCT 1997
52.219-6	NOTICE OF TOTAL SMALL BUSINESS	JUL 1996
	SET-ASIDE	
52.219-8	UTILIZATION OF SMALL BUSINESS	OCT 1999
	CONCERNS	
52.219-14	LIMITATIONS ON SUBCONTRACTING	DEC 1996
52.222-20	WALSH-HEALEY PUBLIC CONTRACTS ACT	DEC 1996
52.222-21	PROHIBITION OF SEGREGATED	FEB 1999
	FACILITIES	
52.222-26	EQUAL OPPORTUNITY	FEB 1999
52.222-36	AFFIRMATIVE ACTION FOR	JUN 1998
	WORKERS WITH DISABILITIES	

## I.1 (Continued)

NUMBER	TITLE	DATE
52.222-37	EMPLOYMENT REPORTS ON DISABLED VETERANS AND VETERANS OF THE VIETNAM ERA	JAN 1999
52.223-6		JAN 1997
	TOXIC CHEMICAL RELFASE REPORTING	
52.225-14		
52.225-13	RESTRICTIONS ON CERTAIN FOREIGN PURCHASES	FEB 2000
52.227-1	AUTHORIZATION AND CONSENT	JUL 1995
52.227-2	NOTICE AND ASSISTANCE REGARDING	AUG 1996
	PATENT AND COPYRIGHT INFRINGEMENT	
52.229-3	FEDERAL, STATE, AND LOCAL TAXES	JAN 1991
52.229-5	TAXES - CONTRACTS PERFORMED	APR 1984
	IN U.S. POSSESSIONS	
	OR PUERTO RICO	
52.232-1	PAYMENTS	APR 1984
52.232-8	DISCOUNTS FOR PROMPT PAYMENT	MAY 1997
52.232-11	EXTRAS	APR 1984
52.232-17	INTEREST	JUN 1996
52.232-23	ASSIGNMENT OF CLAIMS	JAN 1986
52.232-25	PROMPT PAYMENT	JUN 1997
52.233-1	DISPUTES	DEC 1998
52.233-3	PROTEST AFTER AWARD	<b>AUG</b> 1996
52.242-13	BANKRUPTCY	JUL 1995
52.243-1	CHANGES - FIXED-PRICE	<b>AUG</b> 1987
52.244-5	COMPETITION IN SUBCONTRACTING	DEC 1996
52.249-2	TERMINATION FOR CONVENIENCE	SEP 1996
	OF THE GOVERNMENT (FIXED-PRICE)	
52.249-8	DEFAULT (FIXED-PRICE SUPPLY AND SERVICE)	APR 1984
52.253-1	COMPUTER GENERATED FORMS	JAN 1991
JE . 233 I	ONT ATTEN ATTEN TAINED	324 T J J T

# 1.2 52.203-8 CANCELLATION, RESCISSION, AND RECOVERY OF FUNDS FOR ILLEGAL OR IMPROPER ACTIVITY (JAN 1997)

- (a) If the Government receives information that a contractor or a person has engaged in conduct constituting a violation of subsection (a), (b), (c), or (d) of Section 27 of the Office of Federal Procurement Policy Act (41 U.S.C. 423) (the Act), as amended by section 4304 of the 1996 National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1996 (Pub. L. 104-106), the Government may--
  - Cancel the solicitation, if the contract has not yet been awarded or issued; or
  - (2) Rescind the contract with respect to which--
    - (i) The Contractor or someone acting for the Contractor has been convicted for an offense where the conduct

## I.2 (Continued)

constitutes a violation of subsection 27 (a) or (b) of the Act for the purpose of either--

- (A) Exchanging the information covered by such subsections for anything of value; or
- (B) Obtaining or giving anyone a competitive advantage in the award of a Federal agency procurement contract; or
- (ii) The head of the contracting activity has determined, based upon a preponderance of the evidence, that the Contractor or someone acting for the Contractor has engaged in conduct constituting an offense punishable under subsections 27(e)(1) of the Act.
- (b) If the Government rescinds the contract under paragraph (a) of this clause, the Government is entitled to recover, in addition to any penalty prescribed by law, the amount expended under the contract.
- (c) The rights and remedies of the Government specified herein are not exclusive, and are in addition to any other rights and remedies provided by law, regulation, or under this contract.
- I.3 52.203-12 LIMITATION ON PAYMENTS TO INFLUENCE CERTAIN FEDERAL TRANSACTIONS (DEVIATION NOV 1990) (JUN 1997)
  - (a) Definitions.

"Agency," as used in this clause, means executive agency as defined in 2.101.

"Covered Federal action," as used in this clause, means any of the following Federal actions:

- (1) The awarding of any Federal contract;
- (2) The making of any Federal grant;
- (3) The making of any Federal loan;
- (4) The entering into of any cooperative agreement; and,
- (5) The extension, continuation, renewal, amendment, or modification of any Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement.

"Indian tribe" and "tribal organization," as used in this clause, have the meaning provided in section 4 of the Indian

## I.3 (Continued)

Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act (25 U.S.C. 450B) and include Alaskan Natives.

"Influencing or attempting to influence," as used in this clause, means making, with the intent to influence, any communication to or appearance before an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with any covered Federal action.

"Local government," as used in this clause, means a unit of government in a State and, if chartered, established, or otherwise recognized by a State for the performance of a governmental duty, including a local public authority, a special district, an intrastate district, a council of governments, a sponsor group representative organization, and any other instrumentality of a local government.

"Officer or employee of an agency," as used in this clause, includes the following individuals who are employed by an agency:

- An individual who is appointed to a position in the Government under title 5, United States Code, including a position under a temporary appointment.
- (2) A member of the uniformed services as defined in subsection 101(3), title 37, United States Code.
- (3) A special Government employee, as defined in section 202, title 18, United States Code.
- (4) An individual who is a member of a Federal advisory committee, as defined by the Federal Advisory Committee Act, title 5, United States Code, appendix 2.

"Person," as used in this clause, means an individual, corporation, company, association, authority, firm, partnership, society, State, and local government, regardless of whether such entity is operated for profit or not for profit. This term excludes an Indian tribe, tribal organization, or any other Indian organization with respect to expenditures specifically permitted by other Federal law.

"Reasonable compensation," as used this clause, means, with respect to a regularly employed officer or employee of any person, compensation that is consistent with the normal compensation for such officer or employee for work that is not furnished to, not funded by, or not furnished in cooperation with the Federal Government.

## I.3 (Continued)

"Reasonable payment," as used this clause, means, with respect to professional and other technical services, a payment in an amount that is consistent with the amount normally paid for such services in the private sector.

"Recipient," as used in this clause, includes the Contractor and all subcontractors. This term excludes an Indian tribe, tribal organization, or any other Indian organization with respect to expenditures specifically permitted by other Federal law.

"Regularly employed," as used in this clause, means, with respect to an officer or employee of a person requesting or receiving a Federal contract, an officer or employee who is employed by such person for at least 130 working days within 1 year immediately preceding the date of the submission that initiates agency consideration of such person for receipt of such contract. An officer or employee who is employed by such person for less than 130 working days within 1 year immediately preceding the date of the submission that initiates agency consideration of such person shall be considered to be regularly employed as soon as he or she is employed by such person for 130 working days.

"State," as used in this clause, means a State of the United States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, a territory or possession of the United States, an agency or instrumentality of a State, and multi-State, regional, or interstate entity having governmental duties and powers.

## (b) Prohibitions.

- (1) Section 1352 of title 31, United States Code, among other things, prohibits a recipient of a Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement from using appropriated funds to pay any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with any of the following covered Federal actions: the awarding of any Federal contract; the making of any Federal grant; the making of any Federal loan; the entering into of any cooperative agreement; or the modification of any Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement.
- (2) The Act also requires Contractors to furnish a disclosure if any funds other than Federal appropriated funds (including profit or fee received under a covered Federal

## I.3 (Continued)

transaction) have been paid, or will be paid, to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with a Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement.

- (3) The prohibitions of the Act do not apply under the following conditions:
  - (i) Agency and legislative liaison by own employees.
    - (A) The prohibition on the use of appropriated funds, in subparagraph (b) (1) of this clause, does not apply in the case of a payment of reasonable compensation made to an officer or employee of a person requesting or receiving a covered Federal action if the payment is for agency and legislative liaison activities not directly related to a covered Federal action.
    - (B) For purposes of subdivision (b) (3) (i) (A) of this clause, providing any information specifically requested by an agency or Congress is permitted at any time.
    - (C) The following agency and legislative liaison activities are permitted at any time where they are not related to a specific solicitation for any covered Federal action:
      - Discussing with an agency the qualities and characteristics (including individual demonstrations) of the person's products or services, conditions or terms of sale, and service capabilities.
      - (2) Technical discussions and other activities regarding the application or adaptation of the person's products or services for an agency's use.
    - (D) The following agency and legislative liaison activities are permitted where they are prior to formal solicitation of any covered Federal action--
      - Providing any information not specifically requested but necessary for an agency to make an informed decision about initiation of a covered Federal action;

## I.3 (Continued)

- (2) Technical discussions regarding the preparation of an unsolicited proposal prior to its official submission; and
- (3) Capability presentations by persons seeking awards from an agency pursuant to the provisions of the Small Business Act, as amended by Pub. L. 95-507, and subsequent amendments.
- (E) Only those services expressly authorized by subdivision (b)(3)(i)(A) of this clause are permitted under this clause.
- (ii) Professional and technical services.
  - (A) The prohibition on the use of appropriated funds, in subparagraph (b) (1) of this clause, does not apply in the case of--
    - (1) A payment of reasonable compensation made to an officer or employee of a person requesting or receiving a covered Federal action or an extension, continuation, renewal, amendment, or modification of a covered Federal action, if payment is for professional or technical services rendered directly in the preparation, submission, or negotiation of any bid, proposal, or application for that Federal action or for meeting requirements imposed by or pursuant to law as a condition for receiving that Federal action.
    - (2) Any reasonable payment to a person, other than an officer or employee of a person requesting or receiving a covered Federal action or any extension, continuation, renewal, amendment, or modification of a covered Federal action if the payment is for professional or technical services rendered directly in the preparation, submission, or negotiation of any bid, proposal, or application for that Federal action or for meeting requirements imposed by or pursuant to law as a condition for receiving that Federal action. Persons other than officers or employees of a person requesting or receiving a covered Federal action include consultants and

## I.3 (Continued)

#### trade associations.

- (B) For purposes of subdivision (b) (3) (ii) (A) of this clause, 'professional and technical services" shall be limited to advice and analysis directly applying any professional or technical discipline. For example, drafting of a legal document accompanying a bid or proposal by a lawyer is allowable. Similarly, technical advice provided by an engineer on the performance or operational capability of a piece of equipment rendered directly in the negotiation of a contract is allowable. However, communications with the intent to influence made by a professional (such as a licensed lawyer) or a technical person (such as a licensed accountant) are not allowable under this section unless they provide advice and analysis directly applying their professional or technical expertise and unless the advice or analysis is rendered directly and solely in the preparation, submission or negotiation of a covered Federal action. Thus, for example, communications with the intent to influence made by a lawyer that do not provide legal advice or analysis directly and solely related to the legal aspects of his or her client's proposal, but generally advocate one proposal over another are not allowable under this section because the lawyer is not providing professional legal services. Similarly, communications with the intent to influence made by an engineer providing an engineering analysis prior to the preparation or submission of a bid or proposal are not allowable under this section since the engineer is providing technical services but not directly in the preparation, submission or negotiation of a covered Federal action.
- (C) Requirements imposed by or pursuant to law as a condition for receiving a covered Federal award include those required by law or regulation and any other requirements in the actual award documents.
- (D) Only those services expressly authorized by subdivisions (b) (3) (ii) (A) (1) and (2) of this clause are permitted under this clause.
- (E) The reporting requirements of FAR 3.803(a)

## I.3 (Continued)

shall not apply with respect to payments of reasonable compensation made to regularly employed officers or employees of a person.

(iii) Selling activities by independent sales representatives.

The prohibition on the use of appropriated funds, in subparagraph (b) (1) of this clause, does not apply to the following sales activities before an agency by independent sales representatives, provided such activities are prior to formal solicitation by an agency and are specifically limited to the merits of the matter;

- (A) Discussing with an agency (including individual demonstrations) the qualities and characteristics of the person's products or services, conditions or terms of sale, and service capabilities; and
- (B) Technical discussions and other activities regarding the application or adoption of the person's products or services for an agency's use.

#### (c) Disclosure.

- (1) The Contractor who requests or receives from an agency a Federal contract shall file with that agency a disclosure form, OMB standard form LLL, Disclosure of Lobbying Activities, if such person has made or has agreed to make any payment using nonappropriated funds (to include profits from any covered Federal action), which would be prohibited under subparagraph (b) (1) of this clause, if paid for with appropriated funds.
- (2) The Contractor shall file a disclosure form at the end of each calendar quarter in which there occurs any event that materially affects the accuracy of the information contained in any disclosure form previously filed by such person under subparagraph (c) (1) of this clause. An event that materially affects the accuracy of the information reported includes—
  - (i) A cumulative increase of \$25,000 or more in the amount paid or expected to be paid for influencing or attempting to influence a covered Federal action; or
  - (ii) A change in the person(s) or individual(s)

## I.3 (Continued)

influencing or attempting to influence a covered Federal action; or

- (iii) A change in the officer(s), employee(s), or Member(s) contacted to influence or attempt to influence a covered Federal action.
- (3) The Contractor shall require the submittal of a certification, and if required, a disclosure form by any person who requests or received any subcontract exceeding \$100,000 under the Federal contract.
- (4) All subcontractor disclosure forms (but not certifications) shall be forwarded from tier to tier until received by the prime Contractor. The prime Contractor shall submit all disclosures to the Contracting Officer at the end of the calendar quarter in which the disclosure form is submitted by the subcontractor. Each subcontractor certification shall be retained in the subcontract file of the awarding Contractor.
- (d) Agreement. The Contractor agrees not to make any payment prohibited by this clause.
- (e) Penalties.
  - (1) Any person who makes an expenditure prohibited under paragraph (a) of this clause or who fails to file or amend the disclosure form to be filed or amended by paragraph (b) of this clause shall be subject to civil penalties as provided for by 31 U.S.C. 1352. An imposition of a civil penalty does not prevent the Government from seeking any other remedy that may be applicable.
  - (2) Contractors may rely without liability on the representation made by their subcontractors in the certification and disclosure form.
- (f) Cost allowability. Nothing in this clause makes allowable or reasonable any costs which would otherwise be unallowable or unreasonable. Conversely, costs made specifically unallowable by the requirements in this clause will not be made allowable under any other provision.
- I.4 52.209-4 FIRST ARTICLE APPROVAL--GOVERNMENT TESTING (SEP 1989) ALTERNATE I (JAN 1997)
  - (a) The Contractor shall deliver 2 unit(s) of Lot/Item 0001 within 240 calendar days from the date of this contract to the

## I.4 (Continued)

Government at:

NIST Bldg. 22 325 Broadway Boulder, CO 80303-3328

for first article tests. The shipping documentation shall contain this contract number and the Lot/Item identification. The characteristics that the first article must meet and the testing requirements are specified elsewhere in this contract.

- (b) Within 180 calendar days after the Government receives the first article, the Contracting Officer shall notify the Contractor, in writing, of the conditional approval, approval, or disapproval of the first article. The notice of conditional approval or approval shall not relieve the Contractor from complying with all requirements of the specifications and all other terms and conditions of this contract. A notice of conditional approval shall state any further action required of the Contractor. A notice of disapproval shall cite reasons for the disapproval.
- (c) If the first article is disapproved, the Contractor, upon Government request, shall submit an additional first article for testing. After each request, the Contractor shall make any necessary changes, modifications, or repairs to the first article or select another first article for testing. All costs related to these tests are to be borne by the Contractor, including any and all costs for additional tests following a disapproval. The Contractor shall furnish any additional first article to the Government under the terms and conditions and within the time specified by the Government. The Government shall act on this first article within the time limit specified in paragraph (b) above. The Government reserves the right to require an equitable adjustment of the contract price for any extension of the delivery schedule or for any additional costs to the Government related to these tests.
- (d) If the Contractor fails to deliver any first article on time, or the Contracting Officer disapproves any first article, the Contractor shall be deemed to have failed to make delivery within the meaning of the Default clause of this contract.
- (e) Unless otherwise provided in the contract, the Contractor--
  - (1) May deliver the approved first article as a part of the contract quantity, provided it meets all contract requirements for acceptance and was not consumed or destroyed in testing; and

## I.4 (Continued)

(2) Shall remove and dispose of any first article from the Government test facility at the Contractor's expense.

- (f) If the Government does not act within the time specified in paragraph (b) or (c) of this clause, the Contracting Officer shall, upon timely written request from the Contractor, equitably adjust under the Changes clause of this contract the delivery or performance dates and/or the contract price, and any other contractual term affected by the delay.
- (g) The Contractor is responsible for providing operating and maintenance instructions, spare parts support, and repair of the first article during any first article test.
- (h) Before first article approval, the acquisition of materials or components for, or the commencement of production of, the balance of the contract quantity is at the sole risk of the Contractor. Before first article approval, the costs thereof shall not be allocable to this contract for (1) progress payments, or (2) termination settlements if the contract is terminated for the convenience of the Government.
- (i) The Government may waive the requirement for first article approval test where supplies identical or similar to those called for in the schedule have been previously furnished by the Offeror/Contractor and have been accepted by the Government. The Offeror/Contractor may request a waiver.
- (j) The Contractor shall produce both the first article and the production quantity at the same facility.
- I.5 52.217-7 OPTION FOR INCREASED QUANTITY--SEPARATELY PRICED LINE ITEM (MAR 1989)

The Government may require the delivery of the numbered line item, identified in the Schedule as an option item, in the quantity and at the price stated in the Schedule. The Contracting Officer may exercise the option by written notice of award to the Contractor within 1 year from date of final acceptance of Item 0001. Delivery of added items shall be made as called for under the contract, unless the parties otherwise agree.

- 1.6 52.222-35 AFFIRMATIVE ACTION FOR SPECIAL DISABLED AND VIETNAM ERA VETERANS (APR 1984) (DEVIATION)
  - (a) Definitions.

"Appropriate office of the State employment service system," as used in this clause, means the local office of the Federal-State national system of public employment offices

## I.6 (Continued)

assigned to serve the area where the employment opening is to be filled, including the District of Columbia, Guam, Puerto Rico, Virgin Islands, American Samoa, and the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands.

"Openings that the Contractor proposes to fill from within its own organization," as used in this clause, means employment openings for which no one outside the Contractor's organization (including any affiliates, subsidiaries, and the parent companies) will be considered and includes any openings that the Contractor proposes to fill from regularly established "recall" lists.

"Openings that the Contractor proposes to fill under a customary and traditional employer-union hiring arrangement," as used in this clause, means employment openings that the Contractor proposes to fill from union halls, under their customary and traditional employer-union hiring relationship.

"Suitable employment openings," as used in this clause-

- (1) Includes, but is not limited to, openings that occur in jobs categorized as-
  - (i) Production and nonproduction;
  - (ii) Plant and office;
  - (iii) Laborers and mechanics;
  - (iv) Supervisory and nonsupervisory;
  - (v) Technical; and
  - (vi) Executive, administrative, and professional positions compensated on a salary basis of less than \$25,000 a year; and
- (2) Includes full-time employment, temporary employment of over 3 days, and part-time employment, but not openings that the Contractor proposes to fill from within its own organization or under a customary and traditional employer-union hiring arrangement, nor openings in an educational institution that are restricted to students of that institution.
- (b) General. (1) Regarding any position for which the employee or applicant for employment is qualified, the Contractor shall not discriminate against the individual because the individual is a special disabled or Vietnam Era veteran. The Contractor agrees to take affirmative action to employ, advance in

## I.6 (Continued)

employment, and otherwise treat qualified special disabled and Vietnam Era veterans without discrimination based upon their disability or veterans' status in all employment practices such as-

- (i) Employment;
- (ii) Upgrading;
- (iii) Demotion or transfer;
- (iv) Recruitment;
- (v) Advertising;
- (vi) Layoff or termination;
- (vii) Rates of pay or other forms of compensation; and
- (viii) Selection for training, including apprenticeship
- (2) The Contractor agrees to comply with the rules, regulations, and relevant orders of the Secretary of Labor (Secretary) issued under the Vietnam Era Veterans' Readjustment Assistance Act of 1972 (the Act), as amended.
- (c) Listing openings. (1) The Contractor agrees to list all suitable employment openings existing at contract award or occurring during contract performance, at an appropriate office of the State employment service system in the locality where the opening occurs. These openings include those occurring at any Contractor facility, including one not connected with performing this contract. An independent corporate affiliate is exempt from this requirement.
  - (2) State and local government agencies holding Federal contracts of \$10,000 or more shall also list all their suitable openings with the appropriate office of the State employment service.
  - (3) The listing of suitable employment openings with the State employment service system is required at least concurrently with using any other recruitment source or effort and involves the obligations of placing a bona fide job order, including accepting referrals of veterans and nonveterans. This listing does not require hiring any particular job applicant or hiring from any particular group of job applicants and is not intended to relieve the Contractor from any requirements of Executive orders or regulations concerning nondiscrimination in

## I.6 (Continued)

employment.

(4) Whenever the Contractor becomes contractually bound to the listing terms of this clause, it shall advise the State employment service system, in each State where it has establishments, of the name and location of each hiring location in the State. As long as the Contractor is contractually bound to these terms and has so advised the State system, it need not advise the State system of subsequent contracts. The Contractor may advise the State system when it is no longer bound by this contract clause.

- (5) Under the most compelling circumstances, an employment opening may not be suitable for listing, including situations when (i) the Government's needs cannot reasonably be supplied, (ii) listing would be contrary to national security, or (iii) the requirement of listing would not be in the Government's interest.
- (d) Applicability. (1) This clause does not apply to the listing of employment openings which occur and are filled outside the 50 States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, Guam, Virgin Islands, American Samoa, and the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands.
  - (2) The terms of paragraph (c) above of this clause do not apply to openings that the Contractor proposes to fill from within its own organization or under a customary and traditional employer-union hiring arrangement. This exclusion does not apply to a particular opening once an employer decides to consider applicants outside of its own organization or employer-union arrangement for that opening.
- (e) Postings. (1) The Contractor agrees to post employment notices stating (i) the Contractor's obligation under the law to take affirmative action to employ and advance in employment qualified special disabled veterans and veterans of the Vietnam era, and (ii) the rights of applicants and employees.
  - (2) These notices shall be posted in conspicuous places that are available to employees and applicants for employment. They shall be in a form prescribed by the Director, Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs, Department of Labor (Director), and provided by or through the Contracting Officer.
  - (3) The Contractor shall notify each labor union or representative of workers with which it has a collective bargaining agreement or other contract understanding,

## I.6 (Continued)

that the Contractor is bound by the terms of the Act, and is committed to take affirmative action to employ, and advance in employment, qualified special disabled and Vietnam Era veterans.

- (f) Noncompliance. If the Contractor does not comply with the requirements of this clause, appropriate actions may be taken under the rules, regulations, and relevant orders of the Secretary issued pursuant to the Act.
- (g) Subcontracts. The Contractor shall include the terms of this clause in every subcontract or purchase order of \$10,000 or more unless exempted by rules, regulations, or orders of the Secretary. The Contractor shall act as specified by the Director to enforce the terms, including action for noncompliance.
- I.7 52.232-16 PROGRESS PAYMENTS (MAR 2000) ALITERNATE I (MAR 2000)

The Government will make progress payments to the Contractor when requested as work progresses, but not more frequently than monthly, in amounts of \$2,500 or more approved by the Contracting Officer, under the following conditions:

- (a) Computation of amounts.
  - (1) Unless the Contractor requests a smaller amount, the Government will compute each progress payment as 85 percent of the Contractor's total costs incurred under this contract whether or not actually paid, plus financing payments to subcontractors (see paragraph (j) of this clause), less the sum of all previous progress payments made by the Government under this contract. The Contracting Officer will consider cost of money that would be allowable under FAR 31.205-10 as an incurred cost for progress payment purposes.
  - (2) The amount of financing and other payments for supplies and services purchased directly for the contract are limited to the amounts that have been paid by cash, check, or other forms of payment, or that will be paid to subcontractors—
    - (i) In accordance with the terms and conditions of a subcontract or invoice; and
    - (ii) Ordinarily prior to the submission of the Contractor's next payment request to the Government.

## I.7 (Continued)

(3) The Government will exclude accrued costs of Contractor contributions under employee pension plans until actually paid unless--

- (i) The Contractor's practice is to make contributions to the retirement fund quarterly or more frequently; and
- (ii) The contribution does not remain unpaid 30 days after the end of the applicable quarter or shorter payment period (any contribution remaining unpaid shall be excluded from the Contractor's total costs for progress payments until paid).
- (4) The Contractor shall not include the following in total costs for progress payment purposes in paragraph (a) (1) of this clause:
  - (i) Costs that are not reasonable, allocable to this contract, and consistent with sound and generally accepted accounting principles and practices.
  - (ii) Costs incurred by subcontractors or suppliers.
  - (iii) Costs ordinarily capitalized and subject to depreciation or amortization except for the properly depreciated or amortized portion of such costs.
  - (iv) Payments made or amounts payable to subcontractors or suppliers, except for--
    - (A) Completed work, including partial deliveries, to which the Contractor has acquired title; and
    - (B) Work under cost-reimbursement or time-and-material subcontracts to which the Contractor has acquired title.
- (5) The amount of unliquidated progress payments may exceed neither (i) the progress payments made against incomplete work (including allowable unliquidated progress payments to subcontractors) nor (ii) the value, for progress payment purposes, of the incomplete work. Incomplete work shall be considered to be the supplies and services required by this contract, for which delivery and invoicing by the Contractor and acceptance by the Government are incomplete.

## I.7 (Continued)

(6) The total amount of progress payments shall not exceed 85 percent of the total contract price.

- (7) If a progress payment or the unliquidated progress payments exceed the amounts permitted by subparagraphs (a)(4) or (a)(5) above, the Contractor shall repay the amount of such excess to the Government on demand.
- (8) Notwithstanding any other terms of the contract, the Contractor agrees not to request progress payments in dollar amounts of less than \$2,500. The Contracting Officer may make exceptions.
- (b) Liquidation. Except as provided in the Termination for Convenience of the Government clause, all progress payments shall be liquidated by deducting from any payment under this contract, other than advance or progress payments, the unliquidated progress payments, or 85 percent of the amount invoiced, whichever is less. The Contractor shall repay to the Government any amounts required by a retroactive price reduction, after computing liquidations and payments on past invoices at the reduced prices and adjusting the unliquidated progress payments accordingly. The Government reserves the right to unilaterally change from the ordinary liquidation rate to an alternate rate when deemed appropriate for proper contract financing.
- (c) Reduction or suspension. The Contracting Officer may reduce or suspend progress payments, increase the rate of liquidation, or take a combination of these actions, after finding on substantial evidence any of the following conditions:
  - The Contractor failed to comply with any material requirement of this contract (which includes paragraphs (f) and (g) below).
  - (2) Performance of this contract is endangered by the Contractor's--
    - (i) Failure to make progress; or
    - (ii) Unsatisfactory financial condition.
  - (3) Inventory allocated to this contract substantially exceeds reasonable requirements.
  - (4) The Contractor is delinquent in payment of the costs of performing this contract in the ordinary course of business.

## I.7 (Continued)

(5) The unliquidated progress payments exceed the fair value of the work accomplished on the undelivered portion of this contract.

(6) The Contractor is realizing less profit than that reflected in the establishment of any alternate liquidation rate in paragraph (b) above, and that rate is less than the progress payment rate stated in subparagraph (a) (1) above.

## (d) Title.

- (1) Title to the property described in this paragraph (d) shall vest in the Government. Vestiture shall be immediately upon the date of this contract, for property acquired or produced before that date. Otherwise, vestiture shall occur when the property is or should have been allocable or properly chargeable to this contract.
- (2) "Property," as used in this clause, includes all of the below-described items acquired or produced by the Contractor that are or should be allocable or properly chargeable to this contract under sound and generally accepted accounting principles and practices.
  - (i) Parts, materials, inventories, and work in process;
  - (ii) Special tooling and special test equipment to which the Government is to acquire title under any other clause of this contract;
  - (iii) Nondurable (i.e., noncapital) tools, jigs, dies, fixtures, molds, patterns, taps, gauges, test equipment, and other similar manufacturing aids, title to which would not be obtained as special tooling under subparagraph (ii) above; and
  - (iv) Drawings and technical data, to the extent the Contractor or subcontractors are required to deliver them to the Government by other clauses of this contract.
- (3) Although title to property is in the Government under this clause, other applicable clauses of this contract; e.g., the termination or special tooling clauses, shall determine the handling and disposition of the property.
- (4) The Contractor may sell any scrap resulting from production under this contract without requesting the

## I.7 (Continued)

Contracting Officer's approval, but the proceeds shall be credited against the costs of performance.

- (5) To acquire for its own use or dispose of property to which title is vested in the Government under this clause, the Contractor must obtain the Contracting Officer's advance approval of the action and the terms. The Contractor shall (i) exclude the allocable costs of the property from the costs of contract performance, and (ii) repay to the Government any amount of unliquidated progress payments allocable to the property. Repayment may be by cash or credit memorandum.
- (6) When the Contractor completes all of the obligations under this contract, including liquidation of all progress payments, title shall vest in the Contractor for all property (or the proceeds thereof) not--
  - (i) Delivered to, and accepted by, the Government under this contract; or
  - (ii) Incorporated in supplies delivered to, and accepted by, the Government under this contract and to which title is vested in the Government under this clause.
- (7) The terms of this contract concerning liability for Government-furnished property shall not apply to property to which the Government acquired title solely under this clause.
- (e) Risk of loss. Before delivery to and acceptance by the Government, the Contractor shall bear the risk of loss for property, the title to which vests in the Government under this clause, except to the extent the Government expressly assumes the risk. The Contractor shall repay the Government an amount equal to the unliquidated progress payments that are based on costs allocable to property that is damaged, lost, stolen, or destroyed.
- (f) Control of costs and property. The Contractor shall maintain an accounting system and controls adequate for the proper administration of this clause.
- (g) Reports and access to records. The Contractor shall promptly furnish reports, certificates, financial statements, and other pertinent information reasonably requested by the Contracting Officer for the administration of this clause. Also, the Contractor shall give the Government reasonable opportunity to examine and verify the Contractor's books, records, and accounts.

## I.7 (Continued)

(h) Special terms regarding default. If this contract is terminated under the Default clause, (i) the Contractor shall, on demand, repay to the Government the amount of unliquidated progress payments and (ii) title shall vest in the Contractor, on full liquidation of progress payments, for all property for which the Government elects not to require delivery under the Default clause. The Government shall be liable for no payment except as provided by the Default clause.

- (i) Reservations of rights.
  - (1) No payment or vesting of title under this clause shall--
    - (i) Excuse the Contractor from performance of obligations under this contract; or
    - (ii) Constitute a waiver of any of the rights or remedies of the parties under the contract.
  - (2) The Government's rights and remedies under this clause--
    - (i) Shall not be exclusive but rather shall be in addition to any other rights and remedies provided by law or this contract; and
    - (ii) Shall not be affected by delayed, partial, or omitted exercise of any right, remedy, power, or privilege, nor shall such exercise or any single exercise preclude or impair any further exercise under this clause or the exercise of any other right, power, or privilege of the Government.
- (j) Financing payments to subcontractors. The financing payments to subcontractors mentioned in paragraphs (a) (1) and (a) (2) of this clause shall be all financing payments to subcontractors or divisions, if the following conditions are met:
  - (1) The amounts included are limited to--
    - (i) The unliquidated remainder of financing payments made; plus
    - (ii) Any unpaid subcontractor requests for financing payments.
  - (2) The subcontract or interdivisional order is expected to involve a minimum of approximately 6 months between the beginning of work and the first delivery; or, if the subcontractor is a small business concern, 4 months.

## I.7 (Continued)

(3) If the financing payments are in the form of progress payments, the terms of the subcontract or interdivisional order concerning progress payments--

- (i) Are substantially similar to the terms of this clause for any subcontractor that is a large business concern, or this clause with its Alternate I for any subcontractor that is a small business concern;
- (ii) Are at least as favorable to the Government as the terms of this clause;
- (iii) Are not more favorable to the subcontractor or division than the terms of this clause are to the Contractor;
- (iv) Are in conformance with the requirements of FAR 32.504(e); and
- (v) Subordinate all subcontractor rights concerning property to which the Government has title under the subcontract to the Government's right to require delivery of the property to the Government if--
  - (A) The Contractor defaults; or
  - (B) The subcontractor becomes bankrupt or insolvent.
- (4) If the financing payments are in the form of performance-based payments, the terms of the subcontract or interdivisional order concerning payments—
  - (i) Are substantially similar to the Performance-Based Payments clause at FAR 52.232-32 and meet the criteria for, and definition of, performance-based payments in FAR Part 32;
  - (ii) Are in conformance with the requirements of FAR 32.504(f); and
  - (iii) Subordinate all subcontractor rights concerning property to which the Government has title under the subcontract to the Government's right to require delivery of the property to the Government if--
    - (A) The Contractor defaults; or

### I.7 (Continued)

- (B) The subcontractor becomes bankrupt or insolvent.
- (5) If the financing payments are in the form of commercial item financing payments, the terms of the subcontract or interdivisional order concerning payments—
  - (i) Are constructed in accordance with FAR 32.206(c) and included in a subcontract for a commercial item purchase that meets the definition and standards for acquisition of commercial items in FAR Parts 2 and 12;
  - (ii) Are in conformance with the requirements of FAR 32.504(g); and
  - (iii) Subordinate all subcontractor rights concerning property to which the Government has title under the subcontract to the Government's right to require delivery of the property to the Government if--
    - (A) The Contractor defaults; or
    - (B) The subcontractor becomes bankrupt or insolvent.
- (6) If financing is in the form of progress payments, the progress payment rate in the subcontract is the customary rate used by the contracting agency, depending on whether the subcontractor is or is not a small business concern.
- (7) Concerning any proceeds received by the Government for property to which title has vested in the Government under the subcontract terms, the parties agree that the proceeds shall be applied to reducing any unliquidated financing payments by the Government to the Contractor under this contract.
- (8) If no unliquidated financing payments to the Contractor remain, but there are unliquidated financing payments that the Contractor has made to any subcontractor, the Contractor shall be subrogated to all the rights the Government obtained through the terms required by this clause to be in any subcontract, as if all such rights had been assigned and transferred to the Contractor.
- (9) To facilitate small business participation in subcontracting under this contract, the Contractor shall provide financing payments to small business concerns, in

### I.7 (Continued)

conformity with the standards for customary contract financing payments stated in FAR 32.113. The Contractor shall not consider the need for such financing payments as a handicap or adverse factor in the award of subcontracts.

(k) Limitations on undefinitized contract actions.

Notwithstanding any other progress payment provisions in this contract, progress payments may not exceed 80 percent of costs incurred on work accomplished under undefinitized contract actions. A "contract action" is any action resulting in a contract, as defined in Subpart 2.1, including contract modifications for additional supplies or services, but not including contract modifications that are within the scope and under the terms of the contract, such as contract modifications issued pursuant to the Changes clause, or funding and other administrative changes. This limitation shall apply to the costs incurred, as computed in accordance with paragraph (a) of this clause, and shall remain in effect until the contract action is definitized. Costs incurred which are subject to this limitation shall be segregated on Contractor progress payment requests and invoices from those costs eligible for higher progress payment rates. For purposes of progress payment liquidation, as described in paragraph (b) of this clause, progress payments for undefinitized contract actions shall be liquidated at 80 percent of the amount invoiced for work performed under the undefinitized contract action as long as the contract action remains undefinitized. The amount of unliquidated progress payments for undefinitized contract actions shall not exceed 80 percent of the maximum liability of the Government under the undefinitized contract action or such lower limit specified elsewhere in the contract. Separate limits may be specified for separate actions.

### 1.8 52.232-19 AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS FOR THE NEXT FISCAL YEAR (APR 1984)

Funds are not presently available for performance under this contract beyond September 30, 2000. The Government's obligation for performance of this contract beyond that date is contingent upon the availability of appropriated funds from which payment for contract purposes can be made. No legal liability on the part of the Government for any payment may arise for performance under this contract beyond September 30, 2000, until funds are made available to the Contracting Officer for performance and until the Contractor receives notice of availability, to be confirmed in writing by the Contracting Officer.

1.9 52.232-34 PAYMENT BY ELECTRONIC FUNDS TRANSFER--OTHER THAN CENTRAL CONTRACTOR REGISTRATION (MAY 1999)

- (a) Method of payment.
  - (1) All payments by the Government under this contract shall be made by electronic funds transfer (EFT) except as provided in paragraph (a) (2) of this clause. As used in this clause, the term "EFT" refers to the funds transfer and may also include the payment information transfer.
  - (2) In the event the Government is unable to release one or more payments by EFT, the Contractor agrees to either--
    - (i) Accept payment by check or some other mutually agreeable method of payment; or
    - (ii) Request the Government to extend payment due dates until such time as the Government makes payment by EFT (but see paragraph (d) of this clause).
- (b) Mandatory submission of Contractor's EFT information.
  - (1) The Contractor is required to provide the Government with the information required to make payment by EFT (see paragraph (j) of this clause). The Contractor shall provide this information directly to the office designated in this contract to receive that information (hereafter: "designated office") by 05/25/00. If not otherwise specified in this contract, the payment office is the designated office for receipt of the Contractor's EFT information. If more than one designated office is named for the contract, the Contractor shall provide a separate notice to each office. In the event that the EFT information changes, the Contractor shall be responsible for providing the updated information to the designated office(s).
  - (2) If the Contractor provides EFT information applicable to multiple contracts, the Contractor shall specifically state the applicability of this EFT information in terms acceptable to the designated office. However, EFT information supplied to a designated office shall be applicable only to contracts that identify that designated office as the office to receive EFT information for that contract.
- (c) Mechanisms for EFT payment. The Government may make payment by EFT through either the Automated Clearing House (ACH) network, subject to the rules of the National Automated Clearing House Association, or the Fedwire Transfer System. The rules governing Federal payments through the ACH are contained in 31 CFR part 210.

### I.9 (Continued)

(d) Suspension of payment. (1) The Government is not required to make any payment under this contract until after receipt, by the designated office, of the correct EFT payment information from the Contractor. Until receipt of the correct EFT information, any invoice or contract financing request shall be deemed not to be a proper invoice for the purpose of prompt payment under this contract. The prompt payment terms of the contract regarding notice of an improper invoice and delays in accrual of interest penalties apply.

- (2) If the EFT information changes after submission of correct EFT information, the Government shall begin using the changed EFT information no later than 30 days after its receipt by the designated office to the extent payment is made by EFT. However, the Contractor may request that no further payments be made until the updated EFT information is implemented by the payment office. If such suspension would result in a late payment under the prompt payment terms of this contract, the Contractor's request for suspension shall extend the due date for payment by the number of days of the suspension.
- (e) Liability for uncompleted or erroneous transfers. (1) If an uncompleted or erroneous transfer occurs because the Government used the Contractor's EFT information incorrectly, the Government remains responsible for--
  - (i) Making a correct payment;
  - (ii) Paying any prompt payment penalty due; and
  - (iii) Recovering any erroneously directed funds.
  - (2) If an uncompleted or erroneous transfer occurs because the Contractor's EFT information was incorrect, or was revised within 30 days of Government release of the EFT payment transaction instruction to the Federal Reserve System, and--
    - (i) If the funds are no longer under the control of the payment office, the Government is deemed to have made payment and the Contractor is responsible for recovery of any erroneously directed funds; or
    - (ii) If the funds remain under the control of the payment office, the Government shall not make payment and the provisions of paragraph (d) shall apply.

### I.9 (Continued)

(f) EFT and prompt payment. A payment shall be deemed to have been made in a timely manner in accordance with the prompt payment terms of this contract if, in the EFT payment transaction instruction released to the Federal Reserve System, the date specified for settlement of the payment is on or before the prompt payment due date, provided the specified payment date is a valid date under the rules of the Federal Reserve System.

- (g) EFT and assignment of claims. If the Contractor assigns the proceeds of this contract as provided for in the assignment of claims terms of this contract, the Contractor shall require as a condition of any such assignment, that the assignee shall provide the EFT information required by paragraph (j) of this clause to the designated office, and shall be paid by EFT in accordance with the terms of this clause. In all respects, the requirements of this clause shall apply to the assignee as if it were the Contractor. EFT information that shows the ultimate recipient of the transfer to be other than the Contractor, in the absence of a proper assignment of claims acceptable to the Government, is incorrect EFT information within the meaning of paragraph (d) of this clause.
- (h) Liability for change of EFT information by financial agent. The Government is not liable for errors resulting from changes to EFT information provided by the Contractor's financial agent.
- (i) Payment information. The payment or disbursing office shall forward to the Contractor available payment information that is suitable for transmission as of the date of release of the EFT instruction to the Federal Reserve System. The Government may request the Contractor to designate a desired format and method(s) for delivery of payment information from a list of formats and methods the payment office is capable of executing. However, the Government does not guarantee that any particular format or method of delivery is available at any particular payment office and retains the latitude to use the format and delivery method most convenient to the Government. If the Government makes payment by check in accordance with paragraph (a) of this clause, the Government shall mail the payment information to the remittance address in the contract.
- (j) EFT information. The Contractor shall provide the following information to the designated office. The Contractor may supply this data for this or multiple contracts (see paragraph (b) of this clause). The Contractor shall designate a single financial agent per contract capable of

### I.9 (Continued)

receiving and processing the EFT information using the EFT methods described in paragraph (c) of this clause.

- (1) The contract number (or other procurement identification number).
- (2) The Contractor's name and remittance address, as stated in the contract(s).
- (3) The signature (manual or electronic, as appropriate), title, and telephone number of the Contractor official authorized to provide this information.
- (4) The name, address, and 9-digit Routing Transit Number of the Contractor's financial agent.
- (5) The Contractor's account number and the type of account (checking, saving, or lockbox).
- (6) If applicable, the Fedwire Transfer System telegraphic abbreviation of the Contractor's financial agent.
- (7) If applicable, the Contractor shall also provide the name, address, telegraphic abbreviation, and 9-digit Routing Transit Number of the correspondent financial institution receiving the wire transfer payment if the Contractor's financial agent is not directly on-line to the Fedwire Transfer System; and, therefore, not the receiver of the wire transfer payment.

# I.10 52.244-6 SUBCONTRACTS FOR COMMERCIAL ITEMS AND COMMERCIAL COMPONENTS (OCT 1998)

(a) Definition.

"Commercial item", as used in this clause, has the meaning contained in the clause at 52.202-1, Definitions.

"Subcontract", as used in this clause, includes a transfer of commercial items between divisions, subsidiaries, or affiliates of the Contractor or subcontractor at any tier.

- (b) To the maximum extent practicable, the Contractor shall incorporate, and require its subcontractors at all tiers to incorporate, commercial items or nondevelopmental items as components of items to be supplied under this contract.
- (c) Notwithstanding any other clause of this contract, the Contractor is not required to include any FAR provision or clause, other than those listed below to the extent they are applicable and as may be required to establish the

### I.10 (Continued)

reasonableness of prices under Part 15, in a subcontract at any tier for commercial items or commercial components:

- (1) 52.222-26, Equal Opportunity (E.O. 11246);
- (2) 52.222-35, Affirmative Action for Disabled Veterans and Veterans of the Vietnam Era (38 U.S.C. 4212(a));
- (3) 52.222-36, Affirmative Action for Workers with Disabilities (29 U.S.C. 793); and
- (4) 52.247-64, Preference for Privately Owned U.S.-Flagged Commercial Vessels (46 U.S.C. 1241) (flow down not required for subcontracts awarded beginning May 1, 1996).
- (d) The Contractor shall include the terms of this clause, including this paragraph (d), in subcontracts awarded under this contract.

### 1.11 52.246-19 WARRANTY OF SYSTEMS AND EQUIPMENT UNDER PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATIONS OR DESIGN CRITERIA (DEC 1989)

(a) Definitions. "Acceptance," as used in this clause, means the act of an authorized representative of the Government by which the Government assumes for itself, or as an agent of another, ownership of existing and identified supplies, or approves specific services rendered, as partial or complete performance of the contract.

"Correction," as used in this clause, means the elimination of a defect.

"Defect," as used in this clause, means any condition or characteristic in any supplies or services furnished by the Contractor under the contract that is not in compliance with the requirements of the contract.

"Supplies," as used in this clause, means the end items furnished by the Contractor and related services required under this contract. Except when this contract includes the clause entitled Warranty of Data, supplies also means "data."

- (b) Contractor's obligations. (1) The Contractor's warranties under this clause shall apply only to those defects discovered by either the Government or the Contractor 1 year from date of acceptance.
  - (2) If the Contractor becomes aware at any time before acceptance by the Government (whether before or after

### I.11 (Continued)

tender to the Government) that a defect exists in any supplies or services, the Contractor shall (i) promptly correct the defect or (ii) promptly notify the Contracting Officer, in writing, of the defect, using the same procedures prescribed in paragraph (b) (3) of this clause.

- (3) If the Contracting Officer determines that a defect exists in any of the supplies or services accepted by the Government under this contract, the Contracting Officer shall promptly notify the Contractor of the defect, in writing, within 90 days after discovery of the defect Upon timely notification of the existence of a defect, or if the Contractor independently discovers a defect in accepted supplies or services, the Contractor shall submit to the Contracting Officer, in writing, within 30 days a recommendation for corrective actions, together with supporting information in sufficient detail for the Contracting Officer to determine what corrective action, if any, shall be undertaken.
- (4) The Contractor shall promptly comply with any timely written direction from the Contracting Officer to correct or partially correct a defect, at no increase in the contract price.
- (5) The Contractor shall also prepare and furnish to the Contracting Officer data and reports applicable to any correction required under this clause (including revision and updating of all other affected data called for under this contract) at no increase in the contract price.
- (6) In the event of timely notice of a decision not to correct or only to partially correct, the Contractor shall submit a technical and cost proposal within 30 days to amend the contract to permit acceptance of the affected supplies or services in accordance with the revised requirement, and an equitable reduction in the contract price shall promptly be negotiated by the parties and be reflected in a supplemental agreement to this contract.
- (7) Any supplies or parts thereof corrected or furnished in replacement and any services reperformed shall also be subject to the conditions of this clause to the same extent as supplies or services initially accepted. The warranty, with respect to these supplies, parts, or services, shall be equal in duration to that set forth in paragraph (b) (1) of this clause, and shall run from the date of delivery of the corrected or replaced

### I.11 (Continued)

supplies.

(8) The Contractor shall not be responsible under this clause for the correction of defects in Government-furnished property, except for defects in installation, unless the Contractor performs, or is obligated to perform, any modifications or other work on such property. In that event, the Contractor shall be responsible for correction of defects that result from the modifications or other work.

- (9) If the Government returns supplies to the Contractor for correction or replacement under this clause, the Contractor shall be liable for transportation charges up to an amount equal to the cost of transportation by the usual commercial method of shipment from the place of delivery specified in this contract (irrespective of the f.o.b point or the point of acceptance) to the Contractor's plant and return to the place of delivery specified in the contract. The Contractor shall also bear the responsibility for the supplies while in transit.
- (10) All implied warranties of merchantability and "fitness for a particular purpose" are excluded from any obligation under this contract.
- (c) Remedies available to the Government. (1) The rights and remedies of the Government provided in this clause--
  - (i) Shall not be affected in any way by any terms or conditions of this contract concerning the conclusiveness of inspection and acceptance; and
  - (ii) Are in addition to, and do not limit, any rights afforded to the Government by any other clause of this contract.
  - (2) Within 30 days after receipt of the Contractor's recommendations for corrective action and adequate supporting information, the Contracting Officer, using sole discretion, shall give the Contractor written notice not to correct any defect, or to correct or partially correct any defect within a reasonable time at NIST, 325 Broadway, Boulder, CO.
  - (3) In no event shall the Government be responsible for any extension or delays in the scheduled deliveries or periods of performance under this contract as a result of the Contractor's obligations to correct defects, nor shall there be any adjustment of the delivery schedule or

### I.11 (Continued)

period of performance as a result of the correction of defects unless provided by a supplemental agreement with adequate consideration.

- (4) This clause shall not be construed as obligating the Government to increase the contract price.
- (5) (i) The Contracting Officer shall give the Contractor a written notice specifying any failure or refusal of the Contractor to—
  - (A) Present a detailed recommendation for corrective action as required by paragraph(b) (3) of this clause;
  - (B) Correct defects as directed under paragraph(b) (4) of this clause; or
  - (C) Prepare and furnish data and reports as required by paragraph (b) (5) of this clause.
  - (ii) The notice shall specify a period of time following receipt of the notice by the Contractor in which the Contractor must remedy the failure or refusal specified in the notice.
- (6) If the Contractor does not comply with the Contracting Officer's written notice in paragraph (c) (5) (i) of this clause, the Contracting Officer may by contract or otherwise--
  - (i) Obtain detailed recommendations for corrective action and either--
    - (A) Correct the supplies or services; or
    - (B) Replace the supplies or services, and if the Contractor fails to furnish timely disposition instructions, the Contracting Officer may dispose of the nonconforming supplies for the Contractor's account in a reasonable manner, in which case the Government is entitled to reimbursement from the Contractor, or from the proceeds, for the reasonable expenses of care and disposition, as well as for excess costs incurred or to be incurred;
  - (ii) Obtain applicable data and reports; and
  - (iii) Charge the Contractor for the costs incurred by the Government.

### I.12 52.252-6 AUTHORIZED DEVIATIONS IN CLAUSES (APR 1984)

- (a) The use in this solicitation or contract of any Federal Acquisition Regulation (48 CFR Chapter 1) clause with an authorized deviation is indicated by the addition of "(DEVIATION)" after the date of the clause.
- (b) The use in this solicitation or contract of any Commerce Acquisition Regulation clause with an authorized deviation is indicated by the addition of "(DEVIATION)" after the name of the regulation.

### I.13 PATENT NOTIFICATION PROCEDURES REQUIRED BY THE NORTH AMERICAN FREE TRADE AGREEMENT

Pursuant to Executive Order 12889, the Department of Commerce (DoC) is required to notify the owner of any valid patent covering technology whenever the DoC or its contractors, without making a patent search, knows (or has demonstrable reasonable grounds to know) that technology covered by a valid United States patent has been or will be used without a license from the owner. To ensure proper notification, if the contractor uses or has used patented technology under this award without a license or permission from the owner, the contractor must notify the DoC Patent Counsel at the following address, with a copy to the Contracting Officer:

Department of Commerce
Office of Chief Counsel for Technology
Patent Counsel
14th Street and Constitution Avenue, N.W. Room H-4610
Washington, DC 20230

The notification shall include the following information:

- the contract award number
- the name of the DoC awarding agency
- a copy of the patent
- a description of how the patented technology was used.
- the name of the contractor's contact, including an address and telephone number.

### PART III - LIST OF DOCUMENTS, EXHIBITS AND OTHER ATTACHMENTS

### SECTION J - LIST OF ATTACHMENTS

- J.1 LIST OF ATTACHMENTS THAT ARE HEREBY MADE A PART OF THIS SOLICITATION AND ANY RESULTANT CONTRACT
  - 1. Statement of Work
  - 2. SF ILL and SF LLL-A, Disclosure of Lobbying Activities

#### PART IV - REPRESENTATIONS AND INSTRUCTIONS

### SECTION K - REPRESENTATIONS, CERTIFICATIONS, AND OTHER STATEMENTS OF OFFERORS

- K.1 52.203-2 CERTIFICATE OF INDEPENDENT PRICE DETERMINATION (APR 1985)
  - (a) The offeror certifies that--
    - The prices in this offer have been arrived at independently, without, for the purpose of restricting competition, any consultation, communication, or agreement with any other offeror or competitor relating to (i) those prices, (ii) the intention to submit an offer, or (iii) the methods or factors used to calculate the prices offered;
    - (2) The prices in this offer have not been and will not be knowingly disclosed by the offeror, directly or indirectly, to any other offeror or competitor before bid opening (in the case of a sealed bid solicitation) or contract award (in the case of a negotiated solicitation) unless otherwise required by law; and
    - (3) No attempt has been made or will be made by the offeror to induce any other concern to submit or not to submit an offer for the purpose of restricting competition.
  - (b) Each signature on the offer is considered to be a certification by the signatory that the signatory—
    - (1) Is the person in the offeror's organization responsible for determining the prices being offered in this bid or proposal, and that the signatory has not participated and will not participate in any action contrary to subparagraphs (a) (1) through (a) (3) of this provision; or
    - (2) (i) Has been authorized, in writing, to act as agent for the following principals in certifying that those principals have not participated, and will not participate in any action contrary to subparagraphs (a) (1) through (a) (3) of this provision

[Insert full name of person(s) in the offeror's organization responsible for determining the

### K.1 (Continued)

prices offered in this bid or proposal, and the title of his or her position in the offeror's organization];

- (ii) As an authorized agent, does certify that the principals named in subdivision (b) (2) (i) of this provision have not participated, and will not participate, in any action contrary to subparagraphs (a) (1) through (a) (3) of this provision; and
- (iii) As an agent, has not personally participated, and will not participate, in any action contrary to subparagraphs (a)(1) through (a)(3) of this provision.
- (c) If the offeror deletes or modifies subparagraph (a) (2) of this provision, the offeror must furnish with its offer a signed statement setting forth in detail the circumstances of the disclosure.

# K.2 52.203-11 CERTIFICATION AND DISCIOSURE REGARDING PAYMENTS TO INFLUENCE CERTAIN FEDERAL TRANSACTIONS DEVIATION (JAN 1990)

- (a) The definitions and prohibitions contained in the clause, at FAR 52.203-12, Limitation on Payments to Influence Certain Federal Transactions, included in this solicitation, are hereby incorporated by reference in paragraph (b) of this certification.
- (b) The offeror, by signing its offer, hereby certifies to the best of his or her knowledge and belief as of December 23, 1989 that--
  - (1) No Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress on his or her behalf in connection with the awarding of a contract resulting from this solicitation;
  - (2) If any funds other than Federal appropriated funds (including profit or fee received under a covered Federal transaction) have been paid, or will be paid, to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a

### K.2 (Continued)

Member of Congress on his or her behalf in connection with this solicitation, the offeror shall complete and submit with its offer, CMB standard form LLL, Disclosure of Lobbying Activities, to the Contracting Officer, and

- (3) He or she will include the language of this certification in all subcontract awards at any tier and require that all recipients of subcontract awards in excess of \$100,000 shall certify and disclose accordingly.
- (c) Submission of this certification and disclosure is a prerequisite for making or entering into this contract imposed by section 1352, title 31, United States Code. Any person who makes an expenditure prohibited under this provision or who fails to file or amend this disclosure form to be filed or amended by this provision, shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than \$10,000, and not more than \$100,000, for each such failure.

### K.3 52.204-3 TAXPAYER IDENTIFICATION (OCT 1998)

(a) Definitions.

"Common parent," as used in this provision, means that corporate entity that owns or controls an affiliated group of corporations that files its Federal income tax returns on a consolidated basis, and of which the offeror is a member.

"Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN)," as used in this provision, means the number required by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) to be used by the offeror in reporting income tax and other returns. The TIN may be either a Social Security Number or an Employer Identification Number.

- (b) All offerors must submit the information required in paragraphs (d) through (f) of this provision to comply with debt collection requirements of 31 U.S.C. 7701(c) and 3325(d), reporting requirements of 26 U.S.C. 6041, 6041A, and 6050M, and implementing regulations issued by the IRS. If the resulting contract is subject to the payment reporting requirements described in Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) 4.904, the failure or refusal by the offeror to furnish the information may result in a 31 percent reduction of payments otherwise due under the contract.
- (c) The TIN may be used by the Government to collect and report on any delinquent amounts arising out of the offeror's relationship with the Government (31 U.S.C. 7701(c)(3)). If the resulting contract is subject to the payment reporting requirements described in FAR 4.904, the TIN provided hereunder may be matched with IRS records to verify the

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к.3	(Continued)
	accuracy of the offeror's TIN.
	(d) Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN).
	[ ] TIN:
	[ ] TIN has been applied for.
	[ ] TIN is not required because:
	[] Offeror is a nonresident alien, foreign corporation, or foreign partnership that does not have income effectively connected with the conduct of a trade or business in the United States and does not have an office or place of business or a fiscal paying agent in the United States;
	<pre>[ ] Offeror is an agency or instrumentality of a foreign government;</pre>
	[] Offeror is an agency or instrumentality of the Federal Government.
	(e) Type of organization.
	[ ] Sole proprietorship;
	[ ] Partnership;
	[ ] Corporate entity (not tax-exempt);
	[ ] Corporate entity (tax-exempt);
	[ ] Government entity (Federal, State, or local);
	[] Foreign government;
	[ ] International organization per 26 CFR 1.6049-4;
	[ ] Other
	(f) Common parent.

[ ] Offeror is not owned or controlled by a common parent as defined in paragraph (a) of this provision.

[ ] Name and TIN of common parent:

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Name		
TIN _		

### K.4 52.207-4 ECONOMIC PURCHASE QUANTITY--SUPPLIES (AUG 1987)

(a)	Offerors are invited to state an opinion on whether the quantity(ies) of supplies on which bids, proposals or quotes are requested in this solicitation is (are) economically
	advantageous to the Government.

(b) Each offeror who believes that acquisitions in different quantities would be more advantageous is invited to recommend an economic purchase quantity. If different quantities are recommended, a total and a unit price must be quoted for applicable items. An economic purchase quantity is that quantity at which a significant price break occurs. If there are significant price breaks at different quantity points, this information is desired as well.

### OFFEROR RECOMMENDATIONS

ITEM	QUANTITY	QUOTATION	TOTAL

(c) The information requested in this provision is being solicited to avoid acquisitions in disadvantageous quantities and to assist the Government in developing a data base for future acquisitions of these items. However, the Government reserves the right to amend or cancel the solicitation and resolicit with respect to any individual item in the event quotations received and the Government's requirements indicate that different quantities should be acquired.

K.5 52.209-5 CERTIFICATION REGARDING DEBARMENT, SUSPENSION, PROPOSED DEBARMENT, AND OTHER RESPONSIBILITY MATTERS (MAR 1996)

- (a) (1) The Offeror certifies, to the best of its knowledge and belief, that--
  - (i) The Offeror and/or any of its Principals--
    - (A) Are ( ) are not ( ) presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, or declared ineligible for the award of contracts by any Federal agency;
    - (B) Have ( ) have not ( ), within a three-year period preceding this offer, been convicted of or had a civil judgment rendered against them for: commission of fraud or a criminal offense in connection with obtaining, attempting to obtain, or performing a public (Federal, state, or local) contract or subcontract; violation of Federal or state antitrust statutes relating to the submission of offers; or commission of embezzlement, theft, forgery, bribery, falsification or destruction of records, making false statements, tax evasion, or receiving stolen property; and
    - (C) Are ( ) are not ( ) presently indicted for, or otherwise criminally or civilly charged by a governmental entity with, commission of any of the offenses enumerated in subdivision (a) (1) (i) (B) of this provision.
  - (ii) The Offeror has ( ) has not ( ), within a three-year period preceding this offer, had one or more contracts terminated for default by any Federal agency.
  - (2) "Principals," for the purposes of this certification, means officers; directors; owners; partners; and, persons having primary management or supervisory responsibilities within a business entity (e.g., general manager; plant manager; head of a subsidiary, division, or business segment, and similar positions).

THIS CERTIFICATION CONCERNS A MATTER WITHIN THE JURISDICTION OF AN AGENCY OF THE UNITED STATES AND THE MAKING OF A FALSE, FICTITIOUS, OR FRAUDULENT CERTIFICATION MAY RENDER THE MAKER SUBJECT TO PROSECUTION UNDER SECTION 1001, TITLE 18, UNITED STATES CODE.

(b) The Offeror shall provide immediate written notice to the

### K.5 (Continued)

Contracting Officer if, at any time prior to contract award, the Offeror learns that its certification was erroneous when submitted or has become erroneous by reason of changed circumstances.

- (c) A certification that any of the items in paragraph (a) of this provision exists will not necessarily result in withholding of an award under this solicitation. However, the certification will be considered in connection with a determination of the Offeror's responsibility. Failure of the Offeror to furnish a certification or provide such additional information as requested by the Contracting Officer may render the Offeror nonresponsible.
- (d) Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require establishment of a system of records in order to render, in good faith, the certification required by paragraph (a) of this provision. The knowledge and information of an Offeror is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.
- (e) The certification in paragraph (a) of this provision is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when making award. If it is later determined that the Offeror knowingly rendered an erroneous certification, in addition to other remedies available to the Government, the Contracting Officer may terminate the contract resulting from this solicitation for default.

### K.6 52.215-6 PLACE OF PERFORMANCE (OCT 1997)

- (a) The offeror or respondent, in the performance of any contract resulting from this solicitation, [] intends, [] does not intend [check applicable block] to use one or more plants or facilities located at a different address from the address of the offeror or respondent as indicated in this proposal or response to request for information.
- (b) If the offeror or respondent checks "intends" in paragraph (a) of this provision, it shall insert in the following spaces the required information:

### K.6 (Continued)

Place of Performance (Street Address, City, State, County, Zip Code)	Name and Address of Owner and Operator of the Plant or Facility if Other than Offeror or Respondent		

### K.7 52.219-1 SMALL BUSINESS PROGRAM REPRESENTATIONS (MAY 1999)

- (a) (1) The standard industrial classification (SIC) code for this acquisition is 3825.
  - (2) The small business size standard is 500 employees .
  - (3) The small business size standard for a concern which submits an offer in its own name, other than on a construction or service contract, but which proposes to furnish a product which it did not itself manufacture, is 500 employees.

### (b) Representations.

- (1) The offeror represents as part of its offer that it [\_]
   is, [ ] is not a small business concern.
- (2) [Complete only if the offeror represented itself as a small business concern in paragraph (b) (1) of this provision.] The offeror represents, for general statistical purposes, that it [\_] is, [\_] is not, a small disadvantaged business concern as defined in 13 CFR 124.1002.
- (3) [Complete only if the offeror represented itself as a small business concern in paragraph (b) (1) of this provision.] The offeror represents as part of its offer that it [\_] is, [\_] is not a women-owned small business concern.

### (c) Definitions.

"Small business concern," as used in this provision, means a concern, including its affiliates, that is independently owned and operated, not dominant in the field of operation in which it is bidding on Government contracts, and qualified as a small business under the criteria in 13 CFR Part 121 and the size standard in paragraph (a) of this provision.

"Women-owned small business concern," as used in this provision, means a small business concern--

### K.7 (Continued)

(1) Which is at least 51 percent owned by one or more women or, in the case of any publicly owned business, at least 51 percent of the stock of which is owned by one or more women; and

(2) Whose management and daily business operations are controlled by one or more women.

### (d) Notice.

- (1) If this solicitation is for supplies and has been set aside, in whole or in part, for small business concerns, then the clause in this solicitation providing notice of the set-aside contains restrictions on the source of the end items to be furnished.
- (2) Under 15 U.S.C. 645(d), any person who misrepresents a firm's status as a small, small disadvantaged, or women-owned small business concern in order to obtain a contract to be awarded under the preference programs established pursuant to section 8(a), 8(d), 9, or 15 of the Small Business Act or any other provision of Federal law that specifically references section 8(d) for a definition of program eligibility, shall--
  - (i) Be punished by imposition of fine, imprisonment, or both;
  - (ii) Be subject to administrative remedies, including suspension and debarment; and
  - (iii) Be ineligible for participation in programs conducted under the authority of the Act.

### K.8 52.222-22 PREVIOUS CONTRACTS AND COMPLIANCE REPORTS (FEB 1999)

The offeror represents that--

- (a) It [] has, [] has not participated in a previous contract or subcontract subject to the Equal Opportunity clause of this solicitation;
- (b) It [] has, [] has not filed all required compliance reports; and

### K.8 (Continued)

(c) Representations indicating submission of required compliance reports, signed by proposed subcontractors, will be obtained before subcontract awards.

### K.9 52.222-25 AFFIRMATIVE ACTION COMPLIANCE (APR 1984)

The offeror represents that

- (a) It [] has developed and has on file, [] has not developed and does not have on file, at each establishment, affirmative action programs required by the rules and regulations of the Secretary of Labor (41 CFR 60-1 and 60-2); or
- (b) It [] has not previously had contracts subject to the written affirmative action programs requirement of the rules and regulations of the Secretary of Labor.

### K.10 52.223-4 RECOVERED MATERIAL CERTIFICATION (OCT 1997)

As required by the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976 (42 U.S.C. 6962(c)(3)(A)(i)), the offeror certifies, by signing this offer, that the percentage of recovered materials to be used in the performance of the contract will be at least the amount required by the applicable contract specifications.

# K.11 52.223-13 CERTIFICATION OF TOXIC CHEMICAL RELEASE REPORTING (OCT 1996)

- (a) Submission of this certification is a prerequisite for making or entering into this contract imposed by Executive Order 12969, August 8, 1995.
- (b) By signing this offer, the offeror certifies that-
  - (1) As the owner or operator of facilities that will be used in the performance of this contract that are subject to the filing and reporting requirements described in section 313 of the Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986 (EPCRA) (42 U.S.C. 11023) and section 6607 of the Pollution Prevention Act of 1990 (PPA) (42 U.S.C. 13106), the offeror will file and continue to file for such facilities for the life of the contract the Toxic Chemical Release Inventory Form (Form R) as described in sections 313(a) and (g) of EPCRA and section 6607 of PPA; or—
  - (2) None of its owned or operated facilities to be used in the performance of this contract is subject to the Form R filing and reporting requirements because each such facility is exempt for at least one of the following reasons: (Check each block that is applicable.)

### K.11 (Continued)

[](i)	The facility does not manufacture, process, or
	otherwise use any toxic chemicals listed under
	section 313(c) of EPCRA, 42 U.S.C. 11023(c);

- [] (ii) The facility does not have 10 or more full-time employees as specified in section 313(b)(1)(A) of EPCRA, 42 U.S.C. 11023(b)(1)(A);
- [] (iii) The facility does not meet the reporting thresholds of toxic chemicals established under section 313(f) of EPCRA, 42 U.S.C. 11023(f) (including the alternate thresholds at 40 CFR 372.27, provided an appropriate certification form has been filed with EPA);
- [] (iv) The facility does not fall within Standard Industrial Classification Code (SIC) designations 20 through 39 as set forth in Section 19.102 of the Federal Acquisition Regulations; or
- [] (v) The facility is not located within any State of the United States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, Guam, American Samoa, the United States Virgin Islands, the Northern Mariana Islands, or any other territory or possession over which the United States has jurisdiction.

### K.12 BANK INFORMATION

a.	Name and address of your firm's banking institution.
b.	Your firm's account number at the banking institution.
c.	Name and phone number of the banking institution's officer
	in charge of your account.

### K.13 (Continued)

I hereby certify that the responses to the above Representations, Certifications and other statements are accurate and complete.

Signature:	
Title:	
Date:	

### SECTION L - INSTRUCTIONS, CONDITIONS, AND NOTICES TO OFFERORS

# L.1 52.252-1 SOLICITATION PROVISIONS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE (FEB 1998)

This solicitation incorporates one or more solicitation provisions by reference, with the same force and effect as if they were given in full text. Upon request, the Contracting Officer will make their full text available. The offeror is cautioned that the listed provisions may include blocks that must be completed by the offeror and submitted with its quotation or offer. In lieu of submitting the full text of those provisions, the offeror may identify the provision by paragraph identifier and provide the appropriate information with its quotation or offer. Also, the full text of a solicitation provision may be accessed electronically at this/these address(es):

http://www.arnet.gov/far

## I. FEDERAL ACQUISITION REGULATION (48 CFR CHAPTER 1) PROVISIONS

NUMBER	TITLE	DATE
52.204-6	DATA UNIVERSAL NUMBERING SYSTEM (DUNS) NUMBER	JUN 1999
52.214-34	SUBMISSION OF OFFERS IN THE ENGLISH LANGUAGE	APR 1991
52.214-35	SUBMISSION OF OFFERS IN U.S. CURRENCY	APR 1991
52.232-13	NOTICE OF PROGRESS PAYMENTS	APR 1984

# L.2 52.215-1 INSTRUCTIONS TO OFFERORS--COMPETITIVE ACQUISITION (FEB 2000) Alternate I (OCT 1997)

### (a) Definitions. As used in this provision--

"Discussions" are negotiations that occur after establishment of the competitive range that may, at the Contracting Officer's discretion, result in the offeror being allowed to revise its proposal.

"In writing" or "written" means any worded or numbered expression which can be read, reproduced, and later communicated, and includes electronically transmitted and stored information.

"Proposal modification" is a change made to a proposal before the solicitation's closing date and time, or made in response to

### L.2 (Continued)

an amendment, or made to correct a mistake at any time before award.

"Proposal revision" is a change to a proposal made after the solicitation closing date, at the request of or as allowed by a Contracting Officer as the result of negotiations.

"Time", if stated as a number of days, is calculated using calendar days, unless otherwise specified, and will include Saturdays, Sundays, and legal holidays. However, if the last day falls on a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday, then the period shall include the next working day.

- (b) Amendments to solicitations. If this solicitation is amended, all terms and conditions that are not amended remain unchanged. Offerors shall acknowledge receipt of any amendment to this solicitation by the date and time specified in the amendment(s).
- (c) Submission, modification, revision, and withdrawal of proposals.
  - (1) Unless other methods (e.g., electronic commerce or facsimile) are permitted in the solicitation, proposals and modifications to proposals shall be submitted in paper media in sealed envelopes or packages (i) addressed to the office specified in the solicitation, and (ii) showing the time and date specified for receipt, the solicitation number, and the name and address of the offeror. Offerors using commercial carriers should ensure that the proposal is marked on the outermost wrapper with the information in paragraphs (c) (1) (i) and (c) (1) (ii) of this provision.
  - (2) The first page of the proposal must show--
    - (i) The solicitation number;
    - (ii) The name, address, and telephone and facsimile numbers of the offeror (and electronic address if available);
    - (iii) A statement specifying the extent of agreement with all terms, conditions, and provisions included in the solicitation and agreement to furnish any or all items upon which prices are offered at the price set opposite each item;
    - (iv) Names, titles, and telephone and facsimile numbers (and electronic addresses if available) of persons authorized to negotiate on the offeror's behalf

### L.2 (Continued)

with the Government in connection with this solicitation; and

- (v) Name, title, and signature of person authorized to sign the proposal. Proposals signed by an agent shall be accompanied by evidence of that agent's authority, unless that evidence has been previously furnished to the issuing office.
- (3) Submission, modification, revision, and withdrawal of proposals.
  - (i) Offerors are responsible for submitting proposals, and any modifications or revisions, so as to reach the Government office designated in the solicitation by the time specified in the solicitation. If no time is specified in the solicitation, the time for receipt is 4:30 p.m., local time, for the designated Government office on the date that proposal or revision is due.
  - (ii) (A) Any proposal, modification, or revision received at the Government office designated in the solicitation after the exact time specified for receipt of offers is "late" and will not be considered unless it is received before award is made, the Contracting Officer determines that accepting the late offer would not unduly delay the acquisition; and--
    - (1) If it was transmitted through an electronic commerce method authorized by the solicitation, it was received at the initial point of entry to the Government infrastructure not later than 5:00 p.m. one working day prior to the date specified for receipt of proposals; or
    - (2) There is acceptable evidence to establish that it was received at the Government installation designated for receipt of offers and was under the Government's control prior to the time set for receipt of offers; or
    - (3) It is the only proposal received.
    - (B) However, a late modification of an otherwise successful proposal that makes its terms more favorable to the Government, will be considered at any time it is received and may

### L.2 (Continued)

be accepted.

(iii) Acceptable evidence to establish the time of receipt at the Government installation includes the time/date stamp of that installation on the proposal wrapper, other documentary evidence of receipt maintained by the installation, or oral testimony or statements of Government personnel.

- (iv) If an emergency or unanticipated event interrupts normal Government processes so that proposals cannot be received at the office designated for receipt of proposals by the exact time specified in the solicitation, and urgent Government requirements preclude amendment of the solicitation, the time specified for receipt of proposals will be deemed to be extended to the same time of day specified in the solicitation on the first work day on which normal Government processes resume.
- (v) Proposals may be withdrawn by written notice received at any time before award. Oral proposals in response to oral solicitations may be withdrawn orally. If the solicitation authorizes facsimile proposals, proposals may be withdrawn via facsimile received at any time before award, subject to the conditions specified in the provision at 52.215-5, Facsimile Proposals. Proposals may be withdrawn in person by an offeror or an authorized representative, if the identity of the person requesting withdrawal is established and the person signs a receipt for the proposal before award.
- (4) Unless otherwise specified in the solicitation, the offeror may propose to provide any item or combination of items.
- (5) Offerors shall submit proposals in response to this solicitation in English, unless otherwise permitted by the solicitation, and in U.S. dollars, unless the provision at FAR 52.225-17, Evaluation of Foreign Currency Offers, is included in the solicitation.
- (6) Offerors may submit modifications to their proposals at any time before the solicitation closing date and time, and may submit modifications in response to an amendment, or to correct a mistake at any time before award.
- (7) Offerors may submit revised proposals only if requested

### L.2 (Continued)

or allowed by the Contracting Officer.

(8) Proposals may be withdrawn at any time before award. Withdrawals are effective upon receipt of notice by the Contracting Officer.

- (d) Offer expiration date. Proposals in response to this solicitation will be valid for the number of days specified on the solicitation cover sheet (unless a different period is proposed by the offeror).
- (e) Restriction on disclosure and use of data. Offerors that include in their proposals data that they do not want disclosed to the public for any purpose, or used by the Government except for evaluation purposes, shall--
  - (1) Mark the title page with the following legend: This proposal includes data that shall not be disclosed outside the Government and shall not be duplicated, used, or disclosed—in whole or in part— for any purpose other than to evaluate this proposal. If, however, a contract is awarded to this offeror as a result of—or in connection with— the submission of this data, the Government shall have the right to duplicate, use, or disclose the data to the extent provided in the resulting contract. This restriction does not limit the Government's right to use information contained in this data if it is obtained from another source without restriction. The data subject to this restriction are contained in sheets [insert numbers or other identification of sheets]; and
  - (2) Mark each sheet of data it wishes to restrict with the following legend: Use or disclosure of data contained on this sheet is subject to the restriction on the title page of this proposal.

### (f) Contract award.

- (1) The Government intends to award a contract or contracts resulting from this solicitation to the responsible offeror(s) whose proposal(s) represents the best value after evaluation in accordance with the factors and subfactors in the solicitation.
- (2) The Government may reject any or all proposals if such action is in the Government's interest.
- (3) The Government may waive informalities and minor irregularities in proposals received.

### L.2 (Continued)

(4) The Government intends to evaluate proposals and award a contract after conducting discussions with offerors whose proposals have been determined to be within the competitive range. If the Contracting Officer determines that the number of proposals that would otherwise be in the competitive range exceeds the number at which an efficient competition can be conducted, the Contracting Officer may limit the number of proposals in the competitive range to the greatest number that will permit an efficient competition among the most highly rated proposals. Therefore, the offeror's initial proposal should contain the offeror's best terms from a price and technical standpoint.

- (5) The Government reserves the right to make an award on any item for a quantity less than the quantity offered, at the unit cost or prices offered, unless the offeror specifies otherwise in the proposal.
- (6) The Government reserves the right to make multiple awards if, after considering the additional administrative costs, it is in the Government's best interest to do so.
- (7) Exchanges with offerors after receipt of a proposal do not constitute a rejection or counteroffer by the Government.
- (8) The Government may determine that a proposal is unacceptable if the prices proposed are materially unbalanced between line items or subline items. Unbalanced pricing exists when, despite an acceptable total evaluated price, the price of one or more contract line items is significantly overstated or understated as indicated by the application of cost or price analysis techniques. A proposal may be rejected if the Contracting Officer determines that the lack of balance poses an unacceptable risk to the Government.
- (9) If a cost realism analysis is performed, cost realism may be considered by the source selection authority in evaluating performance or schedule risk.
- (10) A written award or acceptance of proposal mailed or otherwise furnished to the successful offeror within the time specified in the proposal shall result in a binding contract without further action by either party.
- (11) The Government may disclose the following information in postaward debriefings to other offerors:

### L.2 (Continued)

(i) The overall evaluated cost or price and technical rating of the successful offeror;

- (ii) The overall ranking of all offerors, when any ranking was developed by the agency during source selection;
- (iii) A summary of the rationale for award; and
- (iv) For acquisitions of commercial items, the make and model of the item to be delivered by the successful offeror.

### L.3 52.216-1 TYPE OF CONTRACT (APR 1984)

The Government contemplates award of a firm-fixed price contract resulting from this solicitation.

- L.4 52.252-5 AUTHORIZED DEVIATIONS IN PROVISIONS (APR 1984)
  - (a) The use in this solicitation or contract of any Federal Acquisition Regulation (48 CFR Chapter 1) provision with an authorized deviation is indicated by the addition of "(DEVIATION)" after the date of the provision.
  - (b) The use in this solicitation or contract of any Commerce Acquisition Regulation provision with an authorized deviation is indicated by the addition of "(DEVIATION)" after the name of the regulation.

### L.5 REGULATORY NOTICE

Offerors are advised that certain provisions and clauses identified with a Commerce Acquisition Regulation (CAR) notation for identification purposes, have not yet been incorporated into the CAR. However, all of these items are binding for this acquisition and will eventually be contained in the CAR at Part 13 of Title 48 of the Code of Federal Regulations.

### L.6 INQUIRIES

Inquiries and all correspondence concerning this solicitation document should be submitted in writing to the issuing office. OFFERORS ARE INSTRUCTED SPECIFICALLY TO CONTACT ONLY THE PERSON CITED IN BLOCK 10 OF SF33 ABOUT ANY ASPECT OF THIS REQUIREMENT PRIOR TO CONTRACT AWARD.

### L.7 AMENDMENTS TO PROPOSALS

Any changes to a proposal made by the offeror after its initial submittal shall be accomplished by replacement pages. Changes from the original page shall be indicated on the outside margin by vertical lines adjacent to the change. The offeror shall include the date of the amendment at the bottom of the changed pages.

#### L.8 SET-ASIDE INFORMATION

This solicitation includes the following set-aside criteria:

- (a) Percent of the set-aside: 100%
- (b) Type of set-aside: Total, Small Business

### L.9 ENGLISH LANGUAGE AND U.S. CURRENCY REQUIREMENTS

Offers of designated country end products, permitted under the provision of the Trade Agreements Act of 1979, shall be submitted in the English language and in U.S. dollars.

#### L.10 SERVICE OF PROTESTS

An agency level protest may be filed with either the Contracting Officer or the Agency Protest Decision Authority. Procedures for filing an agency protest with the Protest Decision Authority are contained in the Agency Protest Procedures Clause contained in Section L herein.

Agency protests filed with the Contracting Officer shall be sent to the following address:

Daniel R. Gomez DCC, MASC, MC3 Acquisition Management Division 325 Broadway, Boulder, CO 80303

If a protest is filed with the General Accounting Office (GAO), a complete copy of the protest and all attachments shall be served upon the Contracting Officer as well as the Contract Law Division of the Office of General Counsel within one day of filing with GAO. Service upon the Contract Law Division is to be made as follows:

U.S. Department of Commerce Contract Law Division Office of the General Counsel Herbert C. Hoover Building 14th Street and Constitution Avenue, NW Room 5893 Washington, DC 20230

### L.10 (Continued)

Attn: Jerry Walz FAX: (202) 482-5858

L.11 DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AGENCY-LEVEL PROTEST PROCEDURES LEVEL ABOVE THE CONTRACTING OFFICER (DEC 1996)

I. PURPOSE: To implement the requirements of Executive Order No. 12979 and Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR 33.103).

On October 25, 1995, President Clinton signed Executive Order No. 12979 which directs heads of executive agencies to develop administrative procedures for resolving protests to awards of procurement contracts within their agencies at a level above the contracting officer. Authority to administer procurement-related directives has been delegated within the Department of Commerce through the Chief Financial Officer and Assistant Secretary for Administration to the Director for Acquisition Management (Procurement Executive).

The Department's goal is to encourage protesters to resolve their protests at the agency level, help build confidence in the Government's acquisition system, and reduce protests to the General Accounting Office and other external fora. Prior to submission of an agency protest, all parties shall use their best efforts to resolve concerns raised by an interested party at the contracting officer level through open and frank discussions. If concerns cannot be resolved, protesters may use these procedures when a resolution is requested from the agency at a level above the contracting officer.

### II. DEFINITIONS:

An agency protest is one that may be filed with either the contracting officer or the protest decision authority but not both. When a protester decides to file a protest at the agency level with the protest decision authority, the guidelines set forth in these established agency level protest procedures above the contracting officer apply. These procedures are in addition to the existing protest procedures contained in the Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) Part 33.102. A day is a calendar day. In computing a period of time for the purpose of these procedures, the day from which the period begins to run is not counted. When the last day of the period is a Saturday, Sunday, or Federal holiday, the period extends to the next day that is not a Saturday, Sunday, or Federal holiday. Similarly, when the Washington, DC offices of the Department of Commerce are closed for all or part of the last day, the period extends to the next day on which the Department is open.

### III. PROCEDURES:

### L.11 (Continued)

a. Protesters using these procedures may protest to the protest decision authority who will make the final decision for the Department. Protests shall be addressed to:

Mr. Jorge R. Urrutia
Director of Administration
National Institute of Standards and Technology
Building 101, Room Al105
Gaithersburg, Maryland 20899
FAX No. 301-926-7203

The outside of the envelope or beginning of the FAX transmission must be marked "Agency-level Protest". The protester shall also provide a copy of the protest within 1 day to the responsible contracting officer and a copy to the addressee indicated below:

Contract Law Division
Office of the Assistant General Counsel for Finance and Litigation
Department of Commerce, Room H5882
14th Street and Constitution Avenue, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20230
(FAX Number 202-482-5858)

- b. Election of forum: While a protest is pending at the agency level with the protest decision authority, the protester agrees not to protest to the General Accounting Office (GAO) or any other external fora. If the protester has already filed with the GAO or other external fora, the procedures described here may not be used.
  - 1. Protests based upon alleged improprieties in a solicitation which are apparent prior to bid opening or time set for receipt of proposals shall be filed prior to bid opening or the time set for receipt of proposals. If the contract has been awarded, protests must be filed within 10 days after contract award or 5 days after the date the protester was given the opportunity to be debriefed, whichever date is later. In cases other than those covered in the preceding two sentences, protests shall be filed not later than 10 days after the basis of the protest is known or should have been known, whichever is earlier.
  - 2. To be filed on a given day, protests must be received by 4:30 PM current local time. Any protests received after that time will be considered to be filed on the next day. Incomplete submissions will not be considered filed until all information is provided.

### L.11 (Continued)

3. To be complete, protests must contain the following information:

- (i) the protester's name, address, telephone number, and fax number
- (ii) the solicitation or contract number, name of contracting office and the contracting officer
- (iii) a detailed statement of all factual and legal grounds for protests, and an explanation of how the protester was prejudiced
- (iv) copies of relevant documents supporting protester's statement
- (v) a request for ruling by the agency
- (vi) statement as to form of relief requested
- (vii) all information establishing that the protester is an interested party for the purpose of filing a protest
- (viii) all information establishing the timeliness of the protest.

All protests must be signed by an authorized representative of the protester.

Within 14 days after the protest is filed, the contracting officer will prepare an administrative report that responds to the issues raised by the protester and addresses any other issues, which, even if not raised by the protester, have been identified by agency officials as being relevant to the fairness of the procurement process. For good cause shown, the protest decision authority may grant an extension of time for filing the administrative report and for issuing the written decision. When an extension is granted, the protest decision authority will notify the protester and all interested parties within 1 day of the decision to grant the extension.

Unless an extension is granted, the protest decision authority will issue a decision within 35 days of the protest. The protest decision authority's final decision will be binding on the Department of Commerce and not subject to further appeals.

### L.11 (Continued)

The protest decision authority shall send a written ruling and a summary of the reasons supporting the ruling to the protester by certified mail, return receipt requested with information copies to the applicable contracting office and Office of Acquisition Management.

Effect of protest on award and performance:

When a protest is filed prior to award, a contract may not be awarded unless authorized by the Head of the Contracting Activity (HCA) based on a written finding that:

- (i) the supplies or services are urgently required,
- (ii) delivery or performance would be unduly delayed by failure to make the award promptly, or
- (iii) a prompt award will be in the best interest of the Government.

When a protest is filed within 10 days after contract award or 5 days after a debriefing date was offered to the protester under a timely debriefing request in accordance with FAR 15.1004, whichever is later, the contracting officer shall immediately suspend performance pending the resolution of the protest within the agency, including any review by an independent higher official, unless continued performance is justified. The HCA may authorize contract performance, notwithstanding the protest, based on a written finding that:

- (i) contract performance would be in the best interest of the United States, or
- (ii) urgent and compelling circumstances that significantly affect the interests of the United States will not permit waiting for a decision.

### IV. REMEDIES:

The protest decision authority may grant one or more of the following remedies:

- (1) terminate the contract,
- (2) re-compete the requirement,
- issue a new solicitation,

### L.11 (Continued)

- (4) refrain from exercising options under the contract,
- (5) award a contract consistent with statutes and regulations,
- (6) amend the solicitation provisions which gave rise to the protest and continue with the procurement,
- (7) such other remedies as the decision-maker may determine are necessary to correct a defect.

### L.12 FORMAT, CONTENT AND SUBMISSION OF PROPOSALS

### (a) GENERAL

- (1) Offers must be submitted on the Standard Form 33 with original signature by the offeror's designated agent and with proposed prices entered on the Offer Schedule (Section B), to the issuing office designated in Block 7 of the Standard Form 33.
- (2) Responses shall be divided into two submittals: (1) a technical and management proposal, and (2) a price proposal. The technical and management proposal shall be submitted in four (4) copies and MUST NOT contain any pricing information. The pricing proposal shall be separated from the technical and management proposal, shall be furnished in four (4) copies, and shall be submitted in a sealed envelope bearing the legend "Price Proposal Solicitation No. 52RANB00C020." Appraisal, evaluation and selection of a prospective contractor, as well as any subsequent negotiations between the parties, will be based upon the information submitted in the proposals. Content, rather than mere format, will therefore be the primary consideration in the evaluation of offers. Elaborate binders, format, and the like are neither required nor desired. Proposals must be complete, precise and factual.
- (3) Technical and management proposals will be evaluated by a Source Evaluation Board (SEB) which will not have access to pricing until completion of their evaluation of the technical and management proposals. Cost proposals will be evaluated by the Contracting Officer's representative(s). Each proposal will be categorized as being "acceptable" or "unacceptable", and firms submitting unacceptable proposals will be so notified. To be considered for award, proposals must be acceptable from the technical and management standpoints, and must be priced within the competitive range. After receipt of proposals, and during or after their evaluation, it may be necessary to contact one or more of the offerors for clarification, discussion, and/or negotiation. The right of the Government to request clarification, hold discussions, and conduct negotiations shall not be deemed an

### L.12 (Continued)

obligation to do so if a proposal is clearly unacceptable or is priced outside of the competitive range. A proposal will not be categorized as unacceptable if a reasonable effort on the part of the Government and the offeror will bring the otherwise competitive offer to an acceptable status. However, award of the contract may be made without discussion or negotiation, and hence the proposals should be submitted initially on the most favorable terms, from both technical and price standpoints, that the offerors can submit to the Government.

### (b) CONTENT OF THE TECHNICAL AND MANAGEMENT PROPOSAL

- (1) Technical and management proposals will be evaluated on their content and not on extraneous factors such as common knowledge, prior dealings, personal contact, etc. Therefore, technical proposals shall contain a comprehensive description of the proposed system and shall include a description of the major components and subsystems, their functions, specifications, and design. The technical and management proposal shall contain a detailed description of how the offeror intends to design, fabricate, and test the required units and to demonstrate its operation as a "system". Unsupported statements of an intent to comply with the specifications, paraphrasing of the specifications in whole or in part, the use of such terms as "standard procedures will be followed," "in accordance with standard practices," will be cause for rejection of the proposal as being unacceptable. While the Government may, of its own volition, request clarification or discussion of proposals, it shall be under no obligation to do so.
- The Technical portion of the proposal shall contain a description of how the offeror intends to design, fabricate, and test the required system. It is recognized that it is impracticable to detail all technical factors in advance, but the proposal must contain information sufficient to show "how" and "with what" the applicable specifications will be met. To facilitate the evaluation process, proposals shall follow the format and order established below. Separate responses must be furnished for each section and subsection of the specifications. In those instances where the response to a particular section or subsection would be reiterative of an earlier reply, the information may be provided by making reference to the first answer. Although the specifications do not contain particular requirements therefor, proposals shall provide moderately detailed information on the inspection and quality assurance plans which would be utilized in checking the performance of the system. Special characteristics and capabilities of the proposed system shall be identified and any special installation requirements must be made known. Proposals shall be arranged in the following sequence:

### L.12 (Continued)

- (a) Table of contents;
- (b) Description and specification of the proposed system;
- (c) Description and specification of major components and subsystems;
- (d) Quality control and test procedures;
- (e) Product support and continued services; and
- (f) Documentation.
- (3) The Management portion of the proposal shall provide the details of the management plan by which the work will be organized and accomplished. For an adequate business and management evaluation, the proposal must contain complete and specific information for each area of interest hereinafter identified.
- (a) To facilitate evaluation of both the proposal and the organization, the order of presentation shall follow the sequence set forth below. Specifically, the management proposal shall:
- (i) Provide the qualifications and related experience of the organization/firm.
- (ii) Describe available manufacturing facilities, including any special space or equipment which would be of special benefit.
- (iii) Provide the names and background of key personnel who would be assigned to the contract.
- (iv) Provide a performance schedule for meeting the required delivery schedule.
- (v) Provide a listing of at least three (3) customers who have purchased similar systems. "Similar" includes, but is not necessarily limited to, type, capabilities, and arrangement. This listing must include:
  - (A) Customer's name and address
  - (B) Name and telephone number of individual contact within the customer's organization
  - (C) Applicable contract number
  - (D) Date of contract

### L.12 (Continued)

- (E) Scheduled completion date at the time of award
- (F) Actual completion date
- (c) CONTENT OF THE PRICE PROPOSAL
- (1) Price proposals must be submitted in the form of firm fixed price offers. The price shall include the costs of all hardware, supplies, equipment, documentation, testing, transportation and any other costs, including profit, necessary to meet the requirements of this solicitation/contract. Proposals predicated upon the award of a cost reimbursement type contract will not be acceptable.
- (2) Price proposals shall include a signed copy of the Standard Form 33, Solicitation, Offer, and Award; Section B Supplies or Services and Prices; Section K Representations, Certifications and Other Statements of Offerors.
- (4) Price proposals must be submitted in a separate, sealed envelope, and the outside of the envelope shall be clearly and prominently marked "Price Proposal -- Solicitation No. 52RANBO0CO20.

NOTE: TO ENSURE THAT PRICES ARE NOT PREMATURELY OR INADVERTENTLY REVEALED, NO INFORMATION PERTAINING TO THE PRICING OF THE PROPOSAL SHALL BE INCLUDED IN THE TECHNICAL AND MANAGEMENT PORTION OF THE PROPOSAL.

#### SECTION M - EVALUATION FACTORS FOR AWARD

### M.1 52.252-1 SOLICITATION PROVISIONS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE (FEB 1998)

This solicitation incorporates one or more solicitation provisions by reference, with the same force and effect as if they were given in full text. Upon request, the Contracting Officer will make their full text available. The offeror is cautioned that the listed provisions may include blocks that must be completed by the offeror and submitted with its quotation or offer. In lieu of submitting the full text of those provisions, the offeror may identify the provision by paragraph identifier and provide the appropriate information with its quotation or offer. Also, the full text of a solicitation provision may be accessed electronically at this/these address(es):

http://www.arnet.gov/far

## I. FEDERAL ACQUISITION REGULATION (48 CFR CHAPTER 1) PROVISIONS

NUMBER TITLE DATE

52.217-5 EVALUATION OF OPTIONS JUL 1990

NOTE: For evaluation purposes of the optional requirement ONLY, the following assumptions will be made: 1) the Government will purchase 58 channels at the frequency range of 5 MHz at the lowest offered price, 2) 58 channels at 10 MHz at the lowest offered price, and 3) 60 channels at 100 MHz at the lowest offered price. The total aggregate price for all 176 channels will then be added to the basic requirement to arrive at the total evaluated price.

### M.2 EVALUATION OF PROPOSALS AND AWARD OF CONTRACT

### (a) General

All proposals received as a result of this solicitation will be evaluated by a Source Evaluation Board (SEB) in accordance with the evaluation factors outlined below. The SEB will not have knowledge of the pricing of the proposals until their evaluation of the technical and management proposal is completed. Proposals will be evaluated based upon the following factors. The breakdown of the details which will be considered in the evaluation of each criterion is not exhaustive; rather it is meant to convey the breadth of the examination and the intended approach which will be used to rate the proposals.

### M.2 (Continued)

(b) Evaluation Criteria for Technical and Management Proposal

		Points
1.	Reliability	25
2.	System meets or exceeds stability specifications	18
3.	Computer interface design	17
4.	System meets or exceeds all other specifications	15
5.	Past performance of offeror	10
6.	Similar experience of offeror	10
7.	Quality of proposal	5

- (c) Price proposals will be evaluated by a representative of the Contracting Officer to determine that they are fair, reasonable and adequately reflect costs associated with the work described in the offeror's proposal. The price proposal will be referred to the Board upon completion of their technical and management evaluation for their review and evaluation.
- (d) Final evaluation will be based on the offeror's proposal, as modified through negotiations and best and final offers, if applicable, in accordance with the technical and management evaluation criteria and price evaluation.
- (e) Award of the contract will be made, within the limit of available funding, to that offeror whose proposal contains the combination of those factors offering the best overall value to the Government. This will be determined by comparing differences in the values of technical and management features with differences in cost to the Government. In making this comparison the Government is more concerned with obtaining superior technical or management features than with making an award at the lowest overall cost to the Government. However, the Government will not make an award at a significantly higher overall cost to the Government to achieve slightly superior technical or management features.